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The North Carolinian.

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VOLUME XXI. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1890. NUMBER 50.

The civil commissioner of Johannesburg, South Africa, has ordered that only the Dutch language shall be talked in his court, and that the English, who compose the bulk of the population, when they appear before him must talk Dutch or hire an interpreter.

The question of whether or not it is cruel to dishorn cows is now before the Scotch courts, the defense being that it is necessary to cut off the horns of Irish and Canadian cattle to keep them from goring each other in the feeding courts used in Scotland during the winter.

Since 1868 there has grown up in Key West, Fla., a very enterprising and successful manufacture of cigars from Havana tobacco. From a very small beginning, and against great difficulties, it has made its way; it turns out about 100,000,000 cigars annually, pays $5,000,000 a year in wages, and supports 25,000 people. It is strictly and necessarily an American industry.

According to the New York Sun, that city is full of dukes, marquises, barons, counts and other noblemen who have run out of funds, or who have left their native lands on account of domestic trials. They live quietly and affiliate with socialists and anarchists. They make their living mostly by teaching music, and they spend their spare time waiting for the letter that never comes.

Rev. T. L. Cuyler of Brooklyn, who preached the last sermon of a 30 years' pastorate recently, and who has the record of having written 3,200 newspaper and magazine articles, gives three short rules which have enabled him to preserve his vigor and accomplish all that he has. "1. Take plenty of sleep. 2. Use no stimulants or tobacco. 3. Never touch a sermon on Saturday night."

A fortune awaits the man who can make a watch spring that won't break. Every now and then some one comes to the front with the claim that he has made the discovery, but all have so far failed. The breaking of watch springs is largely due to electrical influences. After a watch spring has been demagnetized it is less liable to break, of course. But to say that a watch spring will not break or that some will break is nonsense.

The North Pole may at length be reached, predicts the New York Witness, and all on account of a pair of trousers—oilskin ones—which were on board the ill-fated Jeannette. The garment is said to have been found on the coast of Greenland, showing that on their journey from the Pacific to the Atlantic the breeches must have passed the Pole, carried that way by a current. Dr. Nansen, who discovered this fact, thinks it is possible to make this same route.

In the estimation of the National Dairyman "the ice problem is a hard one for dairymen to solve this summer, especially those who have been making butter with the various systems of cold setting. It is impossible to get all the cream out of milk by that system without the free and liberal use of ice. There is nothing left for those dairymen but the factory system either with the gathered cream or separator methods, unless the extractors get in use freely before hot weather sets in, which just now it looks very much as though they would do."

It appears that the Detroit breweries which were purchased by an English syndicate last spring have not been successful under the new ownership. The reason given for the falling off in business is that the patriotic people of Michigan refuse to buy their beer of a foreign corporation. "This,' comments the New York Star, "is a return to first principles with a vengeance. It is only a little over a century since our ancestors refused to drink imported English tea, or to wear clothing made from English imported goods. Perhaps it is, after all, less patriotism than practical business that is at the bottom of this condition of affairs. The American managers, formerly owners of these establishments, may be engaged in a little game of freeze-out."

The mania for building railroads reached its minimum of intensity during 1889, avers the New York Herald. It has raged with such violence during the last few years that nearly every State in the North has suffered from lack of dividends. The speculators thought at one time that hamlets, towns and cities would grow up anywhere on the line of a road like mushrooms, in a night, but the disenchantment has come and a more conservative view of the situation prevails. There are roads enough for the present needs of the country. The South, of course, has an open field and a large opportunity, but the North and West are at least a generation ahead of time. Speculation in that direction has received a sharp but wholesome check, and the policy for the next twenty years will be to improve the rolling stock and to build as little as possible.

The Song.

The poet sang of War, that mighty king
Whose crown is flame, whose oath is thundering,
Whose sceptre steel. The pæan shrilled unheard
Of fiery souls by battle-fury stirred;
And screaming shells out-sang his minstreling.

Again he sang the glories Gold can bring;
Out-voiced him now the coins' metallic ring;
And, mad for gain, men heeded not a word
The poet sang.

Then softly to his own heart did he sing;
And trembling-sweet a song of Love took wing,
As tender as the call of mating bird:
The smoke-grimed soldier in the trenches heard,
The flushed gold-heaper caught each whispering
The poet sang!

—[Dorothea Dimond in Frank Leslie's.

HER PARTY.

BY SHIRLEY BROWNE.

"I'm sorry to disappoint you, little girl," said Doctor Deemer, "but I am afraid this party of yours is quite out of the question."

Stacy set down the quaint old Chinese coffee-pot and looked at him with large beryl-blue eyes of disapproval.

"Uncle," said she, "you promised it to me."

Doctor Deemer retreated behind the stronghold of the weekly paper. Stacy's reproachful eyes were too much for him.

"Yes," he acknowledged, "I know I did. And I meant to keep my promise, but I couldn't foresee then how things would turn out. Our funds are very low; in fact, we seem to be in debt everywhere. I don't really know what is to be the end of it."

"Yet," said Stacy, with slow, severe accents, "you went to the book sale and paid forty dollars for that old edition of 'Beaumont and Fletcher.'"

"Yes, I know, Stacy; it was a great bargain."

"Forty dollars would have furnished music and refreshments for my party."

"Don't scold, child," said the doctor, stirring his egg. "I'm very sorry! I forgot all about the party."

"You're always forgetting me," said Stacy, a big tear balancing itself on each reproachful eye. "My poor party—and I'd told so many people about it, and promised to invite all the girls! I shall never accept any more invitations, now that I can't repay them!"

Plash—plash! went the big tears on the old Canton china breakfast plate. Doctor Deemer was a tender-hearted man, and the two diamond drops went to his very soul.

"Don't cry, Stacy," said he. "Have your party just the same, with cake and lemonade. Debby can make very fair cupcake, and lemons are only thirty cents a dozen. And Simeon shall bring up his fiddle."

"Cupcake, and lemonade, and Simeon," scornfully uttered Stacy. "No, Uncle Deemer, I haven't fallen so low as that. I can do without a party, but I can't condescend to second-rate invitations."

And she ran out of the room in the tempest of tears, coming into collision with old Debby as she did so, and scattering a plate of graham gems on the floor.

Doctor Deemer and his niece, Anastasia, lived all alone in Roslyn Hall, one of those great echoing houses where everything goes to prove the empty glow of the past. Doctor Deemer had lost his fortune, and Anastasia's too, in a series of disastrous speculations. He had all the tasts of a man of wealth, and a blind adoration of his ancestry. He himself was quite content to dwell in life's shadow; but sometimes it seemed to him as if Stacy ought to have a little more sunshine.

Stacy thought so, too. Her 18-year-soul revolved against the sort of life she led with a great rebellion.

"Louise Melton is engaged to be married," thought she, "and Emily Eldon spends her winters in New York. But I shall live and die an old maid, for I never see any one, nor travel anywhere. Louise was going to bring her Chicago cousins to my Easter party, and Emily was going to write to Mr. Vavasor to come down from New York for it. Emily said Mr. Vavasor thought I was the prettiest girl in Clanconnell. I don't believe that; but I should like to have him see me in a white serge dress with baby-blue sash ribbons. I wore a hideous blue seersucker that day when he came to see the prize chrysanthemums in the garden."

Up and down, up and down the long oak-floored gallery tore Stacy with flaming cheeks and yellow curls streaming out behind. It was Stacy's way when she got into a passion to walk herself out of it. Just opposite a portrait of her great-grandaunt, whose name she had somehow inherited, she came to a sudden stop.

"Well," she cried, "why do you stare so steadily down at me, Aunt Anastasia, with those big blue eyes? It really does seem as if you had something you wanted to say to me and somehow couldn't get it out. Really, one don't wonder that old Debby scurries past you in the twilight and says the family portraits haunt her worse than any ghost. Oh, it's all very well for you to smile in that simpering, inane fashion," she added, shaking her little dimpled fist at the counterfeit presentment of her dead-and-gone ancestress. "You were an English beauty, and danced at General Washington's state balls, and Gilbert Stuart painted your portrait, and you were married at eighteen and went to the West Indies. That was life and happiness enough, even if you did die young. People say your eyes and mine are exactly alike, but I'm sure I never was half as pretty as you. But perhaps it's the string of pearls and the satin gown that makes you so lovely and—"

She stooped suddenly and picked up an opened letter lying on the dark oaken floor, directly under the tarnished gilt frame.

"What's this?" she cried, "Oh, a letter from the picture dealers in New York. They want a genuine example of Gilbert Stuart for a private collection, and have heard of 'The Lady with the Pearls' in the old Roslyn Hall gallery. 'Anastasia Roslyn, 1789.' Are prepared to give two hundred dollars for it if Doctor Deemer will kindly consider their offer. And here's Uncle Deemer's pencil writing upon it. 'Rec'd March 3d, 18—. Mem. To write back that the Roslyn pictures are not in the market!' Oho! But Uncle Deemer never consulted me—and I am the owner of the Roslyn pictures! Two hundred dollars—that's a deal of money. What do you say, Aunt Anastasia?" looking up with eager blue eyes at the dim pictured face—"will you help me with my party? It isn't that I have no family feeling, but you're dead and buried, you see, and you went to parties and danced when you were a girl, and you must know exactly how I feel."

Stacy Deemer rushed upstairs to her room, wrote a hurried letter to the New York picture dealer, ran to the postoffice just in time to save the mail, and came dancing back, her yellow curls afloat, her cheeks pink as roses. The wreaths of snow were melting away from the hillsides, the maple trees were bursting into red stars of bloom, the lilac and white crocuses lifted their tiny heads along the sheltered edge of the path, and an adventurous bluebird shrilled his tiny trumpet from the old cedar grove. Stacy, too, could have sung aloud in the fullness of her girlish glee.

"I shall have my party, after all," said she.

"What's this, Stacy?"

Dr. Deemer stared first at her, then at the slip of pale-green paper in her hand.

"It's a check, Uncle Deemer, for two hundred dollars. Can you cash it for me?"

"A—check!"

"Yes. I've sold my aunt Anastasia," calmly admitted Stacy. "She's going to help me give my party, the darling 'Lady With the Pearls.'"

It was some time before the old gentleman could be made to understand the full extent of his niece's dereliction. Then he grew pale.

"Stacy," said he, "you don't desrve to have any ancestors! I would redeem this picture with a thousand-dollar bill if I had it! Has it gone?"

"A week ago, Uncle Deemer."

He threw the check back to her.

"I'll have nothing to do with it!" said he. "It's almost equal to trading in human flesh and blood! You'll be selling me next, you wicked girl!"

"But, Uncle Deemer—"

"Please leave me, Stacy; I'd rather be alone."

Stacy went away rather awed. There was something in Uncle Deemer's pale old face that frightened her.

"I—almost—wish I hadn't sent the invitations," thought she. "But, after all, Aunt Anastasia was my very own grandaunt, and I'm quite sure she was willing. I could read it in her eyes. She was a girl once, and I know she liked parties."

But Stacy had not calculated for all that followed. Uncle Deemer was an old man and very feeble, and the shock was too much for him. He took to his bed. A physician was sent for, who shook his head and looked unutterable things.

"Something on his mind," said he.

"It's Aunt Anastasia," faltered Stacy; "and it's all my doing. I—I sold a family portrait that he is especially fond of."

"Get it back again, at all hazards," said the doctor. "I can't fight disease as long as all the mental forces are against me."

"Do you think he'll die?' said trembling Stacy.

"I hope not," said the man of medicine.

For the first time in her life Stacy went to New York, to interview the picture-dealer. The picture-dealer was sweeter than milk, smoother than oil; but it was beyond his power he said to help her. The picture was already hanging in the private collection, No. — Fifth Avenue.

"Can I go there?" said Stacy.

"Well — I suppose — you — can," doubtfully observed the picture-dealer. "But I don't believe it will do any good."

Stacy, however, was resolute in trying to undo the mischief she had done. She went straight to No. —, Fifth Avenue.

"I have called about a portrait," said she. "A Gilbert Stuart, 'The Lady With the Pearls.'"

The butler eyed her closely. She had no leather bag in her hand, nor did she appear like a solicitor of subscriptions.

"I'll ask master," said he.

"Take him my card," said Stacy, loftily. "Miss Deemer of Roslyn Hall."

The butler showed her into a reception-room with crimson crape curtains festooned between pink marble columns and a great, grinning Japanese idol in old ivory and cloisonnee, and departed noiselessly.

Presently another footstep crossed the threshold.

"Miss Deemer."

Stacy uttered a little cry.

"Oh, Mr. Vavasor, is it you? Oh, please, I want my grandaunt back again, and here is the picture-man's check. I haven't even cashed it, you see."

"But," said Mr. Vavasor, looking with artistic admiration at the sunshine glinting on her golden hair, the shifting light in her wonderful blue eyes, "I don't think I quite understand."

And then Stacy, blushing and embarrassed, made her confession. Poor little wrong-headed, impulsive Stacy.

"I didn't know uncle Deemer was so fond of her," murmured she, "or I never would have sold her. And please, may I have her back."

"I don't think you realize, Miss Deemer, how much I value that 'Gilbert Stuart,'" hesitated Vavasor.

"Oh, but she's my ancestress," urged Stacy. "And she was my namesake, and people say I am like her, and when I sold her I sold the luck of Roslyn. Please, please," cried Stacy, wringing her poor little hands, "let me have her back."

"On one condition only," said Mr. Vavasor. Stacy looked terrified. "That you allow me to give you that party. You are to supply the old hall for dancing and the evergreens, and I am to send down the music and the supper, and mind, you are to give me the very first dance of all."

Stacy clapped her hands.

"And I sha'n't have to recall the invitations after all," said she. "Oh, how splendid it will be! If only Uncle Deemer gets better!"

Uncle Deemer did get better, dating from the day when the "Gilbert Stuart" was hung up on his bedroom wall.

"The luck of Roslyn has come back," said he. It was very kind of Mr. Vavasor to travel down with you, child. I suppose he knew the picture must be carefully guarded."

The party came off with eclat. Stacy looked like a newly opened rosebud. The music was delightful—the supper such as onty Charezzi could get up.

"But Stacy," said Emily Eldon, who was of a rather critical turn, "mamma says yon shouldn't accept so many favors from any gentleman who is neither your relative nor your accepted lover."

"Does she?" said Stacy, with a mischievous sparkle of the eyes. "Well, then, tell her to set her mind at rest; Mr. Vavasor is my accepted lover! He asked me to marry him last night, and I'm sure Aunt Anastasia knows it"—with a bright upward glance at the portrait—"for see how she smiles down upon me."

And for a moment it did seem as if there was a smile on the face of "The Lady With the Pearls." — [Fireside Companion.

Art Medal for a Stove.

The latest recipient at the court of Constantinople of the Turkish "medal for art" and of the Mejidich Order is the mason who lately put up a Russian stove in the sultan's balace. The sultan had fallen in love with the stove at the Russian consulate at Constantinople, and had a similar structure of brick and tiles ordered from Odessa. The Russian laborer who was sent with it to put it up was a simple moujik, but the sultan was so delighted with the man's skill that, besides a money present of $250, he conferred this "distinction."

Very Timely.

Stranger—"I have here a poem, sir, on 'The Beautiful——'"

Editor—"My dear sir, we have 10,000 on 'The Beautiful Snow' on hand now, and we don't want any more."

Stranger—"Then perhaps, sir, you will allow me to continue. My poem is on 'The Beautiful Mud.'"

Editor—"We'll take that, young man."—Judge.

Helping an Author.

A French millionaire who wanted to help a French author to some money, in an indirect way ordered 75,000 copies of his book and burned them for fuel. Then he learned that the author had sold his right, title, and interest before publication for the sum of $150.

TOWING CITY OF PARIS.

THE CAPTAIN OF THE ADRIATIC GIVES HIS VERSION.

Laid by the Steamer for About Seven Hours and Left Her.

The White Star steamship Adriatic brought in to-day the true version of what occurred when she steamed many miles out of her course to assist the disabled Inman liner, the City of Paris, early on the morning of March 28. This version will be observed to differ a good deal from the version which made the Adriatic flit by, "hardly checking her engine, saying that she would take passengers to New York, but would not tow us to Fastnet," and followed her with the execrations of the City of Paris' passengers. Capt. William Roberts of the Adriatic says he observed a boat from the City of Paris in charge of the chief officer at 1:30 A. M.

He immediately stopped and took the chief officer aboard. "He reported the condition of his ship," Capt. Roberts said, "and said that Capt. Watkins wished to be towed to Queenstown. I told him that I had the English mail aboard, and that I would not feel justified in towing the City of Paris, but that I would do all in my power to save life. Another steamship, which I supposed to be the City of Chester, of the Inman line, hove in sight just then, and I sent up rockets at frequent intervals to intercept her. She was bound west, and was within four miles of the Adriatic. The boat of the City of Paris, with the chief officer aboard, meanwhile had been put between the west bound steamer and our ship.

The steamer kept on without paying any attention to our signals, which she must have observed. The chief officer boarded us again. I told him I was going to the City of Paris, to save life if necessary, but not to tow her, and asked him to go back with me. He declined, saying he would make for the land. It was now 4 o'clock. On our way to the City of Paris we sighted the Aldersgate, bound for Liverpool. We signalled her, and I sent my chief officer aboard. Her captain said he would go to the City of Paris and help to take some of the passengers from her if necessary.

We then proceeded in company with the disabled ship. We were prepared to take the passengers to Queenstown or New York if necessary. When we arrived along-side of the City of Paris an officer from her came aboard and said that Capt. Watkins wished us to tow his ship to Queenstown. I answered that I had come to save life. After the officer had conveyed my refusal to tow the City of Paris, Capt. Watkins hoisted the signals, 'Thanks; go ahead.' We then, at 6:54 o'clock, proceeded, leaving the Aldersgate and the City of Paris in communication. We received no intimation from either Capt. Watkins or the officer who came aboard that the City of Paris was in danger of foundering. We stopped within a ship's length of the Inman boat, and waved for the captain's representative to come off in a boat. She did not seem to be in any danger.

There was a long westerly swell, but the sea was not rough, and there were no indications of a storm. When Capt. Watkins signalled that we could proceed, we saw no reason for remaining. That Capt. Watkins appreciated our services in bringing the Aldersgate to him and in offering to save life if necessary, was apparent by his signal thanking us."

The Adriatic had 893 passengers aboard herself, beside her large crew. There were over 1000 souls on the City of Paris. The Adriatic passed 21 icebergs off the banks within a space of 100 miles.

The first officer of the City of Chester, which arrived yesterday, said they did not sight the Adriatic on the trip, and that if they had seen her signals they would have responded. The City of Chester's course was further south than the Adriatic's, he said.

The Expatriated Twin.

An old Boston lawyer tells a curious story of an older Boston family which illustrates the material for fiction that is always afloat in a community. This story is to the effect that in the early part of this century, at the time when the idea of founding a family had an especially strong hold upon the imaginations of a certain class, as it came later to have upon the Vanderbilts and Astors, there lived in Boston a wealthy merchant who had no children. He was possessed of the notion of the grandeur of standing in history as the founder of a distinguished line, but the difficulty of assuming this role when there was not even an heir to hand down his name was a severe blow. It was when he was already well advanced in life that the joyful fact that he might expect a child at last came to fill to the brim his cup of joy, already well filled by the turns made in speculations requiring much financial shrewdness.

Great preparations were made for the expected infant, and the merchant declared to his friends with the greatest confidence that the child would be a boy. The new-comer was to bear the name of his grandfather and father, and from the start was to be regarded as the prospective head of the business house and heir apparent, to whom could not be paid too much honor. In course of time the child was born; it was indeed a boy, but with him there was another boy. The mother, who was already a womau of middle age, died within a week after the birth of the twins.

The merchant was a man accustomed to having his will respected, and he could not be reconciled to this whimsical trick of fate, whereby she gave him not only what he asked, but so much more. He seemed almost as much dissapointed at having two sons as he had been before at having none. A month or two after the death of his wife he took his two infant sons and their nurse, and in one of his finest vessels sailed for Europe, then, of course, a good deal farther from America than it is at present. At the end of six months he returned with a new nurse and only the elder of the twins, the other having died, he said, in France.

In the course of time the merchant sent for his lawyer, the father of my informant, and made his will. He confided to the lawyer that his other son was alive in France, and he placed in his hands the papers necessary for tracing him in case the death of the elder should render the extinction of the family imminent. He also put into the hands of the lawyer certain funds in trust of which the income was to be remitted annually to a certain address in France. This done, the merchant, whose conscience is not reported to have troubled him in the least in the matter, lived out his appoinfed time, and was gathered to his fathers, and his son, by this time a young man, reigned in his stead.

Things went on undisturbed until the death of the lawyer, when his son, who tells the story, came into possession of the facts as part of his legacy in the way of his father's business. He felt it his duty to tell the whole to the head of the wealthy house which the departed merchant had succeeded in founding, the elder twin, now a man of middle age, with a family of his own. The latter was not unnaturally startled to be told that he had a brother alive on the other side of the world, but he set out to Europe to find him. He followed up the clews given him by the lawyer, and on his return he confided to the latter that he had found the missing twin.

"He does not know that he is not French," he said. "He is perfectly contented, and he has all that he needs. It is too late to undo what my father did. I have invested in his name funds enough to make him comfortable for the rest of his life. Now we will burn the papers and forget that he ever existed."

Wedding Rings.

The latest thing in wedding rings comes from England, and is a narrow but thick circlet of 22-carat fine gold. This has come in fahion in America in the course of the last year, replacing the old style ring, which is both heavy and wide, being sometimes half an inch broad. These latter have been in use as far back as I can remember. The Germans always buy two plain gold rings, the lady giving one to her betrothed and he one to her. The "alliance" ring is sometimes called for, and often manufactured to order. It is made of two circlets fitting into each other and coming apart something like a puzzle, and is a revival of a very old style. The ordinary wedding ring costs from $7.50 to $15, although the English ring is somewhat more expensive. In engagement rings individual taste is the only law, but set stones are great favorites. A novelty is a ring of three circlets, almost as narrow as wire, each set with a band of different stones, such as pearls, turquoises and conch-shells.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

One Extra.

A new survey of the Amazon proves that it has ten mouths, or one more than geographers have been giving it. This extra mouth could probably be had cheap by some American politician, and the opportunity is one which should not be neglected.

A Fine Distinction.

Under the laws of New Jersey "a disorderly person" may be a person who "stands and looks over a fence at at a woman standing on a step-ladder to wash a kitchen window." A man's privileges are being whittled down pretty thin nowadays.

To Be Inferred.

A Michigan weekly says of a subscriber who died the other day: "Had he maintained a different attitude towards water, we have no doubt that he would have lived on for a score of years to come." We infer that he drank too much water—altogether too much.

MANY DEADLY TORNADOES.

Great Damage in Kansas, Missouri, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Great loss of life and property by tornadoes is reported from various Western points.

The storm originated in the western part of Wilson county, Kansas, and bore almost directly eastward, passing through Prairie, Guilford and Pleasant Valley townships, but did not cause serious damage until it reached the last named, then the funnel shaped cloud dipped downward and whirled into fragments houses, barns and other objects that came within its scope.

Four or five miles northeast of Altoona the farm, residence and barn of Joseph Wiltz were torn to pieces, and Harvey Wiltz, aged sixteen years, who was in the barn, was instantly killed. The house of Frank Glidden, one mile east of Wiltz's, was torn to pieces, and Mr. Glidden and an infant child were killed by flying timbers.

Quite a number of other farm houses were totally destroyed and great damage done.

The tornado passed north of Blythedale, Mo., completely wrecking a dozen houses and as many barns and outbuildings. The family of Henry Young were all injured, Mrs. Young fatally. The storm passed in a northwesterly direction.

At Akron, Ohio, a hundred buildings lie in ruins. Not a stick or a stone is standing. Piled in a confused mass, they attest the awful fury of the cylone.

Hundreds more are badly damaged. The tornado swept through the city, cutting a swath from fifty to 150 feet wide and two miles long. Everything in its path was destroyed. Buildings were hurled to the ground like paper houses.

Of the eighteen persons who were injured all will probably recover.

Seventy-five buildings, including residences and barns and outhouses, were damaged by the wind, and not one escaped that was in the direct line of the tornado.

A terrible cyclone passed over Franklin, Penn. Two people, Noah Jackson and wife, were killed outright, and a large number of persons dangerously injured. The storm was general throughout the county, but the deadly cyclone, only about 300 feet wide, extended about twenty-five miles. Everything in its path was demolished, trees uprooted and houses and barns completely demolished. In one instance a house containing an invalid was struck, and the bed containing the sick man was lifted up bodily and carried out on to the yard, where it fetched up against a tree. The sick man was badly injured.

A large number of cattle were killed. The part of the cyclone extended from near the county line to Allegheny River.

ATE THEIR GUESTS.

Invited to a Feast and Then Tomahawked by Cannibals.

Four whites and forty-seven natives who were going as laborers to Australia were lost by the wreck of a schooner on the New Hebrides.

The survivors say that about twenty natives and one white man reached shore, but the islanders, after inviting them to a feast, tomahawked and ate the whole crowd, except one boy, who escaped.

The schooner was the Eliza Mary, and she had on board a crew of eighteen, two passengers, forty-four recruits and fifteen returning laborers. During a blinding storm the schooner was driven on the reefs at Mallicolo.

A boat, manned by four white men and several blacks, was lowered, but was dashed to pieces in an attempt to gain the shore. The four white men and a number of the blacks were drowned.

About twenty of the blacks succeeded in swimming to shore and making their way to Mission Station, ten miles distant. Here the castaways were given food, but while eating the savages set upon and began tomahawking them. Of the twenty only one, a boy, succeeded in escaping. In all four white men and forty-seven blacks were lost.

FIRE DESTROYS A TOWN.

Many Persons Saved by Brave College Boys—Loss $100,000.

The business portion of Grove City, Penn., has been wiped out of existence by a destructive fire. The flames originated in the Fosters' barber shop at two o'clock in the morning, and with inconceivable speed swept through the town down the main street, devouring everything in its path. The absence of extinguishing apparatus and a strong wind thwarted the efforts to extinguish the fire. Hundreds of brave students of Grove City College fought the flames with heroic energy, but in vain. They aided many persons to escape who would otherwise have perished.

Imperfect means of communication prevented assistance until about daylight, when a fire engine from Greenville arrived just in time to save an immense livery establishment, and to finally bring the fire under control.

The bank, which stood next to the house first burned, and the college buildings were saved. Besides many stores, the Chenango & Allegheny depot, a beautiful new structure, was destroyed. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

PRINCE BISMARCK has 103 decorations.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW began life as a story-writer.

POET TENNYSON'S hair now falls below his shoulders.

EXPLORER STANLEY threatens to become an Englishman.

ADELINA PATTI, the opera queen, is an accomplished linguist.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY'S poems bring him from $25 to $50 each.

QUEEN CHRISTINE, of Spain, is thirty-one, very pretty and very popular.

DOM PEDRO, ex-Emperor of Brazil, is writing for the scientific magazines.

IT is said that Bismarck and the Emperor are resuming their friendly relations.

BILL NYE'S income from his humorous writings is not less than $50,000 a year.

MRS. FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT is said to have made $500,000 writing novels.

THE King of the Belgians is thinking of visiting America in the interest of a Congo loan.

SENATOR BLAIR, of New Hampshire, is an azure-eyed, sandy-haired man with a flowing beard.

MRS. VIRGINIA L. FARRAGUT, widow of Admiral Farragut, draws a pension of $2000 a year.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, the Standard Oil king, was a newspaper reporter a quarter of a century ago.

EX-MAYOR ABRAM S. HEWITT, of New York city, has something like $5,000,000 invested in the South.

BLOWITZ, the Paris correspondent of the London *Times*, gets the biggest pay of any newspaper man in Europe.

ALLEN W. THURMAN, the son of Allen G. Thurman, is a gray haired man, about forty years of age, and has only one arm.

JUSTICE FIELD, of the United States Supreme Court, will not make his usual visit to California this year, but go to Europe instead.

KING CHARLES, of Roumania, has a salary of $200,000 a year. He is fifty-one years of age, and military affairs absorbs his attention most of the time.

ACTING GOVERNOR TAGGART, of New Hampshire, who was born in 1858 and graduated from Harvard in 1878, is the youngest Chief Executive in the United States.

MRS. MARY J. HOLMES is the most indefatigable traveler among women authors. She has recently completed a year's tour of the world and is now going to Alaska.

JOHN DUNHAM, who has just been appointed consul to San Domingo, is a colored resident of Philadelphia of ability and character. He is at present engaged on the editorial staff of the *Bulletin*.

DURING the first fourteen months of President Harrison's administration 8400 nominations have been confirmed. In the same time the Senate approved of 2200 of Mr. Cleveland's nominees.

TALMAGE'S GREAT ORGAN.

It Will Contain 4448 Pipes and Will Cost $30,000.

The new organ for Rev. Dr. Talmage's new Brooklyn Tabernacle is rapidly approaching completion. The first organ for the Tabernacle was built in 1873, and at the time was one of the largest and most complete in the country. It was destroyed with the Tabernacle in 1889.

The new organ is much larger and more complete in all its details and one of the most powerful in the world, and a veritable "king of instruments." It will contain four manuals of five octaves each, a pedal of two and a half octaves, the largest of which will be the deep C. C. C. C. thirty-two-foot cathedral tone, the same as in the large organ in Westminster Abbey. It contains more large stops than any other organ in the country, if not in the world, there being eleven stops of sixteen feet and thirty-two of eight feet. The entire number of stops is 110, of which sixty-six are pipe-stops running through the entire scale; the rest are couplers, pneumatic combinations, tremulants and pedal movements. The total number of pipes are 4448 and the cost over $30,000.

The case is the open style, showing a facade of forty feet wide and fifty feet high of richly ornamented pipes. The console will be brought out ten feet in front of the organ, and the wind supplied by three immense bellows, driven by a powerful electric motor on an Edison circuit.

Among the novelties of this organ will be a "Chinese gong," a chime of bells and three drum effects as follows: Long roll, bass drum and drum check. Many of the stops are entirely new in this country and some are original with the builders. A new feature is the inclosing of the choir organ in a separate swell box, which, with the swell organ, will enable the organist to give very powerful and effective swell accompaniments. It is to be completed by September next, when the Tabernacle is to be ready for its reception.

THE LABOR WORLD.

LABOR troubles in France are subsiding.

ENGLISH iron masters are making money.

WATERPOWER is cheap and plentiful in Idaho.

THE eight-hour movement is very powerful in England.

ENGLAND still underbids all the Continent in locomotives.

A ONE HUNDRED ton blast furnace is to be built at Lawrenceville, Ky.

THE Knights of Labor have imbibed the eight-hour working day spirit.

THE Prussian labor bill fixes the maximum of woman's work at eleven hours.

EMPLOYERS throughout Germany are forming a union against strikes.

BERLIN employers have resolved to abolish Sunday work in their establishments.

IT is estimated that throughout Europe a million workmen celebrated "Labor Day."

FEARS are expressed in England of an early revival of the recent monster coal strike.

FOUR blast furnaces, with a capacity of 145 tons each, are to be erected at Johnston City, Tenn.

THE relative efficiency of French and English railroad workmen is found to be as five to three.

THE Krupos, of Germany, have bought an entire village, and intend to turn it into one vast workshop.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has 300 men engaged in making locomotives near Baltimore.

IN Victoria, British Columbia, no mason or stonecutter will work on a building where Chinese help is employed.

IN Hamburg, Germany, nine thousand workmen were dismissed in a single day for taking part in the 1st of May processions.

MANY labor organizations of Pennsylvania are agitating for a State Labor Federation of all trades unions and K. of L. assemblies.

A RICH company will erect a ship-building plant at New Bedford, Mass., for the construction of iron and steel sailing steamships.

A GOOD many Welsh miners are being driven back to Wales by the competition of Hungarian labor in American mining regions.

IN Italy field labor is paid sixty-five cents a day and mechanics from sixty-five cents to $1.25. Lieutenants in the army get about $1 a day.

THE labor men have achieved an almost complete triumph in New York city so far as their demands for eight hours a day are concerned.

A PORK-PACKING house, seven stories high, and to cost $500,000, is to be erected at Sioux Falls, North Dakota; its capacity be 2500 hogs per day.

THE wage-workers throughout the United States, as well as Great Britain and Europe, are at this time attracting more attention than ever before in the world's history.

THE sewing women are now the poorest paid of any female workers. Next to them are placed the dry goods, notions and grocery workers, fully ten thousand strong, averaging $5 weekly.

A NEW industry has sprung up out in Kansas—that of collecting old tinware, which is used at the Argentine smelter for fluxing. An industrious man can gather up a ton of it in a day, which brings about $3.

IN the slate mines at Cochem, on the Moselle, in Germany, men and lads carry up all the blocks of slate on their backs, coming up with their hands upon the ground, bent almost double under the weight of the block.

ABOUT 36,000,000 of women are engaged in British India in some description of classified work—roughly, a little less than one-third of the entire female population, which includes, of course, an enormous proportion of infants and young girls.

THE servants and mistresses of Vienna, Austria, have to manage their affairs under the superintendence of the police. The latter keeps a "servants' book," in which each girl's dismissals and re-engagements are recorded, together with copies of character given by each employer.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

A FAMINE prevails in Abyssinia.

MEXICAN speculators are booming silver.

INDIANA farmers have formed a State alliance.

A WIRE WORM is doing great damage to wheat.

THE assessed valuation is $408,000,000 in Brooklyn.

THE first mile of the Chicago elevated road is finished.

WORK on the Nicaragua Canal is progressing rapidly.

NEW YORKERS spend $70,000,000 for liquor every year.

COTTON in America will be even scarcer than last season.

THE Signal Service Bureau says a cool summer is coming.

LONDON is buying American flour with considerable freedom.

THE outlook for the winter wheat crop in Russia has improved.

PETROLEUM in large quantities has been found in New Mexico.

FARMERS in Oklahoma are reported to be in a starving condition.

CATTLE command a much better price now than they did a year ago.

THERE are about 12,000 students in the schools of science in this country.

NEGOTIATIONS are said to be nearly completed with M. Gounod to write an original grand opera in four acts which will be produced in America in 1892. The master will himself superintend the production and conduct in person on the first night. The first, second and fourth acts are laid in Mexico at the time of the Montezumas, and the third act is in the Western States.

THE passage of the bill appropriating $150,000 for the relief of the sufferers in the Mississippi valley was one of the quickest pieces of legislative work ever put through Congress. It went through both houses in forty-five minutes, was sent to the President by special messenger and received his signature within an hour.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

PLAIN TALK IS EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

Compared with other vocations, farming is at a pitiful disadvantage, with little prospect of either obtaining or maintaining its equitable status as our greatest national industry.

It is one of the marvels of civilzation that the most essential—the life sustaining —trades afford the least pay, "big money" invariably accruing to those most remote from manual labor. The world has the first millionaire yet to produce who made his money from the legitimate and exclusive production of farm crops.

The farm steadily yields its immense millions to the general wealth; which statistics represent to have been satisfactority increasing, while the decline in farm products is known of all men to have been also on the increase. This notably indicates that either some rollicking manifestation of fate, or inexplicable commercial legerdemain is puzzling the farm out of its handsome but hard-earned millions. If it be true that the aggregate wealth is increasing, then somebody must be "making money." Surely it is not the farmer.

It is astonishing that the business of the farmer, being the basic business of all business, produces no millionairs. The inexorable law of trade governing farm products requires value received for every dollar acquired by the producer. This is at it should be; but if enforced with equal rigor in all vocations, the production of worshipped money monstrosities would cease.

* * *

The purpose of the Republican Tariff bill now being discussed in Congress is to protect the labor of this country in the field and in the factory; to maintain existing occupations; to acquire other new and useful ones where possible, and hold certain the advantages of our country. It aims to preserve the markets of this country to our own producers by placing duties, like a breastwork, high enough at every point to protect the man who is busy adding to its wealth from assault from any foreign source. It will pass.

* * *

The farmer cannot multiply his acres so readily as he can improve them. The shops can and will multiply. Lower rates of interest will enable factories to enlarge and increase. Of the increase in population of the next decade, most of it will be in villages, towns and cities. This is encouraging for the farmer as it will enlarge his home market.

* * *

Hon. T. R, Jernigan, late Consul to Japan, announces that he will begin the publication of "The North Carolina Intelligencer" at Raleigh on the 4th of June. It will be a weekly paper and the subscription will be $2. Mr. Jernigan is a man of ability and will doubtless make it a readable paper.

* * *

Judge Bond, of the United Circuit Court, at Baltimore, has decided that transportation companies are bound to furnish equal accommodations for colored men, but that it does not imply the right to eat at the same table with white people.

* * *

The old Democratic doctrine of States' Rights seems to have been stood on its head. when a Democratic Chief Justice delivered the "original package" decision and the other Democrats on the Supreme Bench concurred with him.

* * *

Democrats pay a high tribute to the Republican party when they denounce honest election laws and anti-gerrymandering bills as partizan measures. It is a confession that Democratic majorities in many localities depend on fraud.

* * *

Hon. John G. Carlisle has been elected United States Senator to fill the vacancy from Kentucky caused by the death of the late Senator Beck, Mr. Carlisle is one of the ablest members of the Democratic party.

* * *

Democratic organs that have worried a great deal over President Harrison's alleged inability to veto any measures coming from a Republican Congress have discovered that he *can*—when anything is worth vetoing.

* * *

Judging from the fact than 6,000,000 letters were sent to the dead letter office last year, it would appear that a campaign of education is just what is needed in this country,

* * *

The present rate of silver coinage at the United States Mints is nearly equal to the average annual production of silver, which ought to be sufficiently large to satisfy the silver speculators.

OUR GREAT COUNTRY.

Reader, have you ever set down and thought what a great country it is that we live in! It spans a continent. In a line drawn east and west including Alaska, San Francisco is the center. In this vast country of ours, upon which the sun never sets, we manufacture, mine, and produce between the lumbering regions of Maine and the Golden Gate of California, between the fur-bearing seals of Alaska and the tropical fruits of Florida, we say that we manufacture and produce everything that goes to adorn and embellish civilized life, and nearly everything that is needed for the wants of man.

* * *

Ex-President Cleveland has written a free trade letter to the farmers, but it has failed to raise even a ripple of interest or excitement. In his own words, "the soil remains," in spite of his attempt to scare it into a land slide into the free trade ditch.

* * *

A cotemporary in referring to a new Church says: "The plant is worth $10,000." We always supposed that a Church was not a plant, but the garden of the Lord, where the seeds of the gospel were sown.

* * *

The most profitable farm departments are good horses, good cattle, and good sheep.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 16, 1890.

The President has been indulging in some plain private talk in a pleasant way on the pension question to republican members of Congress. The present status of the matter is what brought the President out. The Senate has passed the dependent pension bill substantially as it was vetoed by Mr. Cleveland. The House passed as a substitute for this bill the Morrill service pension bill which is both a dependent and a service bill. This substitute the Senate has refused to accept and the House has refused to recede from its position and the whole matter has been referred to a conference committee. The President is determined that this failure to agree on the part of the House and Senate shall not prevent some pension legislation at the present session if he can help it, and he has been urging the necessity of such legislation upon members of his party. He has not committed himself in favor of either bill, but it is evident that he thinks one or the other of them should become a law without any unnecessary delay.

The Jones silver bill is still the "unfinished business" of the Senate and will so remain until finally disposed of. A number of excellent speeches have been made upon it this week including that of Senator Jones in its favor and of Senator Teller in opposition. Mr. Jones' remarks occupied a part of two days and are generally conceded to have formed the most intelligent and comprehensive statement of the entire silver question ever presented in so compact a form. This bill is the one over which the republican senatorial caucus committee has had so much trouble and so many consultations and upon which an agreement has not yet been reached. It is believed that it will pass the Senate, but as the House caucus has approved the Windom bill it will meet with trouble there.

The meeting of the Republican National Committee which was called for last Monday was held secretly, though the announcement was given out that it had been indefinitely postponed. There are no leaks in the committee, so nothing was learned of what was done.

The Farmers' Alliance want a finger in the legislative pie, and their representatives have been making arguments before the House Ways and Means committee in favor of the Pickler bill providing for the establishment of subtreasuries for the receipt and storage of agricultural products.

Senator Frye, chairman of the Senate committee on Commerce, says the House will, in his opinion, pass the river and harbor bill at this session all statements to the contrary notwithstanding. So much confidence has Mr. Frye in his opinion that his committee is now considering the House bill so as to be prepared for it when it comes Mr. Frye may have some inside information bbt the popular impression is against the passage of the bill.

The subcommittee of the House committee on Elections which went to Arkansas to investigate the Clayton-Beckinridge contested election case has returned and would have made its report this week but for waiting for the return of Mr. Beckinridge before hearing the closing testimony.

Senator Edmunds has introduced a bill for the establishment of an educational institution in this city to be known as the University of the United States.

The Senate Committee on Agriculture has made a favorable report on the bill to transfer the Fish Commission to the Agricultural department.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrpping paper but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by her physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weithing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

All through Eastern North Carolina the crop prospect is said to be very fine.

How It Works.

Only a week or so ago two schooners sailed into New York Harbor. They were loaded with fresh mackerel. One of these schooners was a Canadian vessel—the other an American, Before the Canadian could unload his 500 barrels of mackerel he was required to pay a duty of $2 on each barrel for the privilege of competing with our own fishermen in the New York markets. The American, of course, was not repuired to pay any duty. Now, if the consumer pays the tariff duty the Canadian must receive for his mackerel $2 more per barrel than the American. Is this correct or false?

The fact is, the Canadian received $10 a barrel for his mackerel, which is precisely the amount the American received for his—the price being fixed by the American market. Now, then, did the Canadian take away with him $10 a barrel or $8 a barrell, for his product? Every man who has as much sense as a pewee knows that he would take only $8 a barrel with him, because he, and not the consumer, had to pay the tariff duty of $2 a barrel, for the privilege of the American market.

A Canadian farmer brings his wheat across the Niagara River and sells it in the American market. Before he was allowed to cross over to the Amercan side he was required to pay a duty of 20 cents on every bushel of wheat; and as a matter of course he sold his wheat at the American price. He took home with him only 80 cents a bushel, while the American farmer put a dollar a bushel in his pocket—that being the price for American wheat. In this case, as in the other, the Canadian and not the American consumer paid the duty, and we defy any Democrat on earth to deny the correctness of this statement.

In the face of these facts free traders still insist when a foreign seller deducts the amount of duty from the price of what he selss to the American buyer it is the American buyer that pays the duty. In order to get into our markets foreign sellers have been doing this business ever since we had a protective tariff. They could not get into our markets with their goods if they did not. Our protective tariff has forced them to lower their prices. Remove this tariff and foreign prices will go up. The foreign seller thoroughly understands this, and that is why he objects to our protective tariff. He knows that with free trade it would be only a question of time when our industries would begin to weaken. He knows this because he knows that American labor as a rule costs about twice as much as foreign labor.

Happy Women,

What is it that makes women more smiling and happy looking than men? We meet them on the cars, on the streets, in the country, by the seashore, always smiling, teeth a glistening, eyes a dancing. Ah! the secret is they aim to please. It is an effort in many instances for them to smile, and were it not for a desire to look pleasing and pretty many would "never smile again." Why? Because in a large majority of instances they don't feel like smiling. They feel more like crying. With their nervous aches, weakness and bearing down pains, life to them is a burden. What a gold-find to many a physician is a rich sick woman Why should he aim to cure hee and deny himself the pleasure of presenting his bills with the usual regularity. It seems from the following that the surest and cheapest way for invalid women to regain health and strength is by using Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.)

Mrs. J. A. White, 340 Wythe St., Petersburg, Va., writes: "I have used B. B. B. with happy results, and others have taken it at my advice and are delighted with its curative results."

J. N. Gregory, Butler Postoffice, S. C., writes: "My wife had been under the treatment of several good physicians, but continued in poor health, so I bought four bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, and it did her more good than those doctors had done her in ten years. She is now doing her own washing, a thing she had not been able to do for four years."

North Carolina State Sunday School Association.

MENOLA, N. C., May 12, 90.

Having been appointed by the State S. S. Association at its ninth annual convention in Wilmington in February, Vice President of the 1st S. S. District, including the counties of Hertford, Gates, Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, Currituck, Chowan, Dare, Tyrrell, Washington, Martin and Bertie, I very earnestly request all interested in Sunday Schools and Sunday School work to meet me in their respective counties at Winton, Sunday May 25th, at 3 o'clock p m.; Gatesville, Monday May 26th; Hertford, Tuesday May 27th; Elizabeth City, Wednesday, May 28th; Camden C. H. Thursday, May 29th; Currituck C. H. Friday, May 30th; Edenton, Sunday, June 1st, at 3 o'clock, p. m., to aid in organizing the county S. S. Association. Except the first and last the hour is 11 o'clock a. m. Ladies are invited and expected, for a Woman's County Mission Aid Secretary is to be appointed.

F. S. BLAIR

* * *

The Richmond and Danville R, R. Company have decided to remove the office of Col. R. R, Bridgers, Division Superintendent of the Richmond and Danville, from Durham to Raleigh. The removal will take place June 1st,

The End of Cheapness—Nothing.

So says Master Workman Powderly in a recent interview, an extract of which we give;

Every step in reducing the standard of living and wages of the laborer reduces the wages of the skilled workman as well. When 75 cents in a day 1890 takes the place of $1 in 1889, each recipient of such wages must curtail his purchases in order to conform to the 25 per cent reduction in wages. Less of food, less of clothing, not so many shoes and cheaper lodging must be had, and those who make shoes, clothing and articles of household use finds that their business falls off also; the falling off in business is followed by a reduction in wages, and the evil stream runs the entire length, until all are infected. The cheapening of labor cheapens production; cheap production cheapens human flesh, and when the race of cheapness is run we find ourselves a nation of cut throats, for each man's hand is at his neighbor's throat, seeking to wrest from him a part, or the whole, of the trade he has acquired, and his argument always is "I can do it cheaper." The logical end of cheapness is—nothing, and to that end the emigrant of to-day, in his ignorance, is driving the American laborer, mechanic and business man, many of whom labored by his side across the water years ago.

Farm Mortgages.

Senator Dolph,

A great deal has been said on this floor and elsewhere about farm mortgages and it appears to be thought by some that if the number of farm mortgages is large in any State or Territory it indicates an unprosperous condition of the farmer. But nothing is further from the truth. Nothing can be absolutely predicated as to the prosperity of the farmer of a community from the existence or non-existence of farm mortgages. The inference to be drawn from the number of mortgages in an old, settled country like one of the New England States might be very different from the inference to be drawn from the same thing in a newer community. In a new State a large number of farm mortgages may indicate great prosperity, may represent cultivated and productive farms and comfortable homes, where, without the ability to borrow, there would have been a waste and unproductive area. They may have been the means by which day laborers on the farm have been converted into prosperous farmers on their own account. In many cases they represent additional lands, purchased on credit, which are a source of increased prosperity, and so a blessing,

STATE NEWS.

The Washington Rice mills have cleaned and shipped during the past season 3100 barrels of rice.

A Reidsville doctor is seeking fame by writing a book entitled the History of the Grippe in North Carolina.

Prof. Julius Lines Tomlinson, Superintendent of Greensboro's Public Schools, died of consumption on the 11th.

Rev. D. A. W. Mangum, who has occupied the chair of Moral Philosophy and English Literature at the State University since 1875, is dead. He died at Chapel Hill on the 11th.

The amount contributed by the Baptists of North Caroltna for foreign missions during the conventional year ending April 30, 1890, was $8,421.72; this is $1,381 80 more than was contributed last year for some object.

The grand jury of the Federal Court at Asheville, have just brought a number of bills against parties in Mitchell county, charging them with counterfeiting. There are indications of a considerable nest of these counterfeiters in the mountains of Mitchell,

Mr. E C. Warrell, of Murfreesboro, has invented a machine which sows the fertilizer, tests the land, rounds up the beds, opens it, plants cotton seed and covers it. The most peculiar thing about it is that it only does the work of seven men. He will begin their manufacture.

While Judge Shipp was delivering his charge to the grand jury in Stanley county Monday, a heavy wind began to shake the court house, whereupon the judge rushed from the court room without the formality of adjourning with the jurors behind him.

A novel method of plowing was that recently adopted by a darkey in Chatham county. His steer refused to work when hitched to the plow, and thereupon he hitched it to a cart and fastening the plow behind the cart he proceeded to plow the steer without any further trouble.

A very handsome oil portrait of Gov, David Stone, 1808-10, was received at the executive mansion in Raleigh, to be placed in the collection of portraits of North Carolina's Governors. It was presented by Mr. David Stone Cowan, who is a great-grand-son of Governor Stone.

A letter which was written by some of the party of North Carolina teachers who went on a tour to Europe last August, and which was tossed overboard in a bottle when the steamer was several days out from New York, was picked up by a gentleman at Virginia Beach, near Norfolk, a few days ago, and forwarded to Miss Allen, of Raleigh, who was a member of the party, and whose name, among others, was signed to the letter.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The catalogue of the University of North Carolina for 1889-90 is before us, showing 200 students, an increase of 13 over last year. The Law School is flourishing, having 33 students. The large number of Post-graduates (14) shows that our young men are seeking higher instruction. The Medical and Pharmacutical department under Dr. R. H. Whitehead will be opened in September next. We note that departments of Civil, Electrical and Mining Engineering are to be opeded also, Large and valuable additions of apparatus have been added to the departments of Physics, Chemistry and Natural History. A new course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Letters established in which all studies after the first year, except English, are elective, thus giving additional opportunities for the choice of studies looking particularly to the business the student intends to pursue.

Census Enumerators.

A few errors having appeared in the list as published it is re-printed corrected below.

BEAUFORT. John B. Shavender, Samuel F. Osborne, William R. Ellis, John B. Respess, Richard H. Shavender, Henry H. G. Sawyer, John W. Chapin, John S. Hodges, Robert W Minor, Stephen T. Corson.

BERTIE. Isaac Pierce, John A. Bazemore, John Williams, William G. Burden, Henry Parker, William H. Leath, James N. Kenney, Francis D. Winston, George W. Cobb, George W. Hardy:

CAMDEN. Timothy C. McCoy, Daniel B. Squires, John W. Taylor.

CARTERET, Jacob C. Delamar, Silas A. Blount, Walter Horman jr, Edward F. Caraway, Jacob S. Bell, William V. Mason, Monroe Mann, Alpheus W. Piner, Samuel Harker, Daniel S. Weeks.

CHOWAN. Thomas S. West, Joshua T. Stacey, Richard Elliott, Townsend E Ward, Ross J. Leary.

CRAVEN: William P. Williams, Henry J Green, Herman S. Wooten, Jesse P. Godett jr, Edward D. Russell, Philip J. Lee, Alexander F. Moore, Lewis W. Hancock, Rev. Edward Bull, Samuel D. Pope, William J. Rountree.

CURRITUCK. Walter S. Harrison, James F. Garrenton, M. D., William H. White, Fred W. Ritter, M. D., John W. Evans.

DARE, Lewis S. Hooper, John B. Pinner, John W Meekins, Jethro A. Hooper, Courtland B. Bliven,

GATES Winfield S. Reid, John S. Felton, Noah B. Felton, Thomas W. Costen, Lycurgus Hofler, John R. Hill, Earnes L. Smith.

GREENE: Richard D. S. Dixon, William E. Grimsley, Edward Patrick, William P. Grimsley, William T. Dixon, Sidney A. Busbee, Henry D. Potter, James B. Faircloth, Macon E. Dail.

HERTFORD John Sharp, William H. Brown, Jesse W. Jessup, George W. Spence Solomon J. Parker, Elisha T. Snipes, Joseph P. Catus, Rev. Calvin S. Brown.

HYDE. Crinelm Davis, William T. Berry, James A. Gibbs, Henry L. McGowan, William E. Howard, John J. McGowan.

JONES: Franklin F. Green, Moses D. Dillahunt, John Pearce, John W. Bryan, Emanuel M. Jerman, Christopher D. Foy.

LENOIR: William Pope, Benjamin F. Fields, Parrot M. Hardy, William Walter Dunn, James G. Cox, John Fields jr, William A. Croom, Elkanah Davis, George K. West, John C. Wooten sr, James Hill sr, Levi A Mewboom jr, Edward F. Oglesby.

MARTIN. Reuben S. Rogerson, Noah Gurganos, Samuel S Moore, Abraham Fisher, Pherah W. Everett, Laura E. Watts, James P. Butler, John A. Mizell, William C. Rogerson, Henry L. Williams, Lemuel H Nowell, Lawrence Johnson.

PAMLICO. Thomas G Stilley, William Richardson, William E Wilson, Chalceny Lewis, William D Alford.

PASQUOTANK. William C Brooks, Rev Samuel J Halstead. William F Pritchard, Malachi W Jones, John S Morris, Joshua S Lister.

PERQUIMANS. Rufus White, Charles H White, James J Smith John W Speight, Hardy A Goodman, John C Munden.

PITT. William T Godwin, John R Jenkins, Julius H Barnhill, James M James. Fred Cox, James E Speir. William M King, Joseph J Moore, Benjamin J Wilson, Tilman B Cherry, James L Langley, John F Boyd, Archibald Cox.

TYRRELL. William E Shallington, Dock O Newberry, William B Cooper, Andrew J Pennington, Major A Swain.

WASHINGTON. Thomas Pollard, William H Stubbs, Nicholas B Yeager, Joseph us H Snell, Charles W Snell.

FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, butchers, farmers, machinists, builders, contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvement EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

FULTON IRON & ENGINE WORKS
Estab 1852 10 Brush St, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED! A few more Agents in Elizabeth City for the Industrial Life Insurance Company of Virginia. It offers protection to all, Inquire at the "Gallery" of **John F. Engel.**

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL.

This delightful Summer Resort will be open for the reception of visitors on the

25th Day of June, 1890.

The charge for Board will be as follows:

Per day,	$2.00
Per week,	10.00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by one person,	50.00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by two persons,	35,00
Per month, 1 room occupied exclusively by three persons,	30.00

Special Rates to Families of Four or More Persons.

Apply to the undersigned early for select rooms, Reserved rooms will be charged for from **June 25th.**

The buildings are new and comfortably arranged; furniture also new. The table will be the best, and servants attentive.

—Daily Steamer.—

J. M. WHEDBEE,
Manager.

G. W. Reid,
Barber,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Has made extensive improvements and is now prepared to accommodate his customers. He beats the town on fine hair cutting. He has three good workmen who understand their business. Cutting, shaving, shampooing and mustache dying done to order. A fine lot of new razors ordered from Cincinnati. Fine toilets and every customer will have a clean towel.

DREW'S YEAST POWDER FULL WEIGHT PURE

Superior to all Substitutes For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ¼ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants. Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

Maltby & Oldfield,
MANUFACTURERS OF & DEALERS IN
Norfolk Steam Works Hand-made, Pressed, Moulded or Shaped Building and Paving Bricks.

Drain Tiles,
For Farm Drainage and small Culverts.

Cement Pipe,
For Well Curbs and large Culverts.

George S. Oldfield,
Office & P. O. Address 26 Holt St. & at works.
—Telephone No. 206.—
Manufactories, Maltby St., & B. C. Turnpike,
Norfolk, - Va.

Prompt Returns. Established 1866.

J. W. WHARTON,
Wholesale
—Fruit and Produce—
Commission Merchant,
5 Dock Street, Phila.

Oranges, Apples Potatoes, Onions, Peaches, Berries and Southern Vegetables
A Specialty.

☞ Stencils furnished. Correspondence invited.

AGENTS WANTED!
—FOR—
HEROES of the DARK CONTINENT.
BY J. W. BUEL,
The most successful American Author.
Positively the only Complete
New Stanley Book and Picturesque Africa,
From the writings of Henry M Stanley.

Two hundred thousand copies sold in seven weeks, and the demand rapidly increasing. Nothing like it has been known in the history of book publishing. This is the only book containing a complete life of the world's hero, Henry M. Stanley, with a full history of all his great explorations, and positively the only complete account of his last and grandest expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha, from his own thrilling reports. All other pretended Stanley books are imperfect and incomplete. Send for proofs and satisfy yourself. This great work also contains the history of Africa and its people for more than one thousand years, illustrated with 500 engravings, colored plates and numerous maps, rendering it the only complete picturesque history of Africa ever published. It is wonderful, thrilling, magnificent! Don't be decieved by false representations, but send for proofs and facts. "Heroes of the Dark Continent" is published in one splendid quarto volume of 576 pages, equal to 1200 octavo pages, with 500 magnificent illustrations, colored plated and numerous maps; price, only $3.00, Agents wanted. Territory unrestricted. Sales enormous. Send for pictoriae circulars, or, to save time, send $1 for Complete Canvassing Outfit with guarantee of $300 clear the first month, or your money for outfit refunded. If you have been deceived into canvassing for any of the bogus Stanley books, we will exchange outfits with you free. We mean business. See our standing in Dun's and Bradstreet's Commercial Reports.
Address, HISTORICAL PUBLISHING CO., St. Louis, Mo., or Philadelphia, Pa.

ICE AND COAL!

RAWLINS, WHITEHURST & CO.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N.C.
FRED DAVIS
4-tf Agent

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

☞ A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLR.
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S, Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with decription. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.
— OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE, —
Washington, - D. C

Valuable Water Mill for Sale.

The valuable water mill, known as "Goodwin's Mill," situated in Belvider Township, Perquimans county, N. C., is now offered for sale to effect a division of the property. It is located in the midst of a fine timber section of country. The facility for transfer of timber to mill and lumber to market is good. Market for grain is unsurpassed. Mill is in good repair. Terms, $2500. $1000 cash, and $500 and interest each year for three years. Title good, For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Belvidere, Perquimans county, N. C.

Sept. 2 th, 1889. RUFUS WHITE

Only $20. High Arm

FAVORITE SINGER.

Drop leaf, fancy cover, large drawers, nickel rings, full line attachments. Sent on trial. Buy of Manufacturers to get new machines. Warranted 5 years.
CO-OPERATIVE SEWING MACINE CO. 269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
We Pay Freight.

Fish Advertisements.

HINCHMAN SON & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc,
7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF.
PHILADELPHIA PA.
☞ North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
No Agents.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK.
☞ North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents,

DAVENPORT & MORRIS
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

1890 Shad Season. 1890
J. H. Harris
— WITH —
CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

✠ FRESH FISH. ✠
14 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.

Special attention given to the sale of **North Carolina Shad** and all other choice Fish caught in the waters of the Old North State.

Stencils and stationary furnished upon application,

SAMUEL B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER
S. B. MILLER & CO,
WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH DEALERS,
NO. 7 FULTON MARKET?
New York.
Shad a Specialy. Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

S. L. STORER & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,
19 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
☞ Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

O. S. HARDING & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers in
✠ FRESH FISH ✠

Game and Terrapin,
☞ Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad.
Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
☞ Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

H. Hilgartner Sons
Steam
Marble & Granite Works
MONUMENTS, ETC,
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
526 & 528 West Baltimore S
BALTIMORE, MD.

J. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't. Edenton, N.C.

Jacob Salomonsky
—0—0—
The Grandest Display of
—0—0—
Dress Goods
and
Clothing!
Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

☞ *Very Lowest Prices.* ☜

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A Fine Assortment of
Gents Furnishing Goods.
Store on Water Street
Elizabeth City, - - N. C

Seed Corn for Sale.

I have about three bushels of "Hickory King Brazilian Corn," the very best specimen I have ever seen, that I wish to dispose of to farmers. It weighs 65 pounds to the bushel, produces from two to six ears to the stalk, has a small cob, yields the sweetest meal I have ever eaten and matures about three weeks sooner than our native grade corn. I refer, by permission to W. C. Grandy esq., of this city, who raised it last year and it took first premium at both Fairs.

Address, **J. A. Harrold,**
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Notice

NORTH CAROLINA: Pasquotank County
In the Superior Court.

Timothy Ely and Harvey Terry, defendants, vs. John F, Davis, Wm, J, Griffin as Administrator of D. G, Bush dec'd, and S. Morris Waln Administrator of Thornton Conrow dec'd, defendants:

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced against the above named defendants, in the Superior Court of Pasquotank county, N. C., that a summons has been issued against the defendants, and returned not found as to S. Morris Waln as administrator, and the said S. Morris Waln as administrator will take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county to be held in Elizabeth City on the third Monday of September, 1890, at the Court House of said county and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief and judgment demanded in the complaint, This April 30th, 1890.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Clerk of Superior Court.
Harvey Terry Attorney for Plaintiffs,

Oyster Shells.

PARTIES wanting Oyster Shells for fertilizing or filling up purposes, can now be supplied at my wharf at 2½ cents a bushel,

2-19 **N. R. Zimmerman.**

—*TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.*—

Norfolk Southern Railroad.

SCHEDULE TAKES EFFECT MAY 1 1890.

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 11:25 A. M, Northbound, leaves at 2:25 P. M.

The Accommodation daily, except Sundays, leaves at 7:00 A. M, and returning, arrives at 9:20 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville,

K. KING, General Manager

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH.
FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City,

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

Norfolk & North Carolina
Canal Co.,

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length, and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERT Superintend't

FIFTY THOUSAND
COOKING AND HEATING STOVES
PER ANNUM

With MANTELS, GRATES, HOLLOW-WARE, TIN-WARE, and other goods in proportion is the productive capacity of the

Phillips & Buttorff Manufacturing Co,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

THEIR STOCK of furnishings for the KITCHEN, the PANTRY, and the DINING ROOM is immense.

WITH LARGE CAPITAL, long experience, and favorable location for the cheapest pig iron, and the lowest freight rates to all southern points, our goods are unexcelled in quality, and beyond competition in prices.

EVERY DEALER should have our Illustrated Catalogue. Correspondence solicited.

Phillips & Buttorff Mfg. Co.
NASHVILLE, TENN.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, 202 Grand St., New York

WHAT WE WANT.

We want weekly information from every county of the Albemarle District, of every and all-new enterprises starting or established, improvements of all kinds, everything connected with the development of this section and the upbuilding of the people. Send us short, plain statements, as often as may be. The CAROLINIAN is interested in the material advancement of this section of Eastern North Carolina, and it will gladly publish all matters of the kind indicated.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—J. B. Flora, E. F. Aydlett, L P. Etheridge, J. E Wood and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr, Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Walter Brothers. Attorney—W. J. Griffin,

Collector of Customs—Palemon John, Postmaster—C. Gulrkin.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor, Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor, Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. J. H, Johnson, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. J, S. Cadwell, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—T B. Wilson, W. M., E. F. Lamb, Sec'y, S, S Fowler, Treasurer,

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Geo. W. Twiddy, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No, 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper, Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing. Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess. Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—E, F. Aydlett. President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: F. M. Godfrey, Chairman, C. H. Robinson, D. B. Bradford, Elliot Whitehurst and J. T. Spence. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox, Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. J. W. Albertson jr., R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

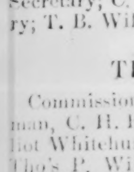
MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. H. MCINTOSH
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on South Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law

Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

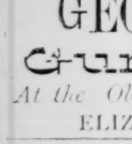
T.P. WHITE,



BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter treet Bridge, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City. N. C.

F. M. COOK,



JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner.
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

IT'S TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of

Moses Weisel's Stoc,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods. the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,

But hustle right ill and get the pick of the New Goods that are offered at

MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

HOTELS.

New Albemarle House,
Elizabeth City, N C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r
TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel It has been refitted and made first clas It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprieto

--Eagle Hotel,--
Hertford, - - - - - N, C
Joseph H. Long, Propr.
New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1890.

Our truckers will soon begin to ship Irish potatoes.

The fruit prospect is by no means as promising as it appeared to be.

The Newberne steamers are beginning to bring beans and potatoes.

Hyde county Court last week was mainly occupied with the oyster cases.

Mrs. Malachi W. Jones, of Rosedale, this county, who was so badly burned a few weeks ago, died on Friday.

The showers since March have been local. In some parts of the county there has been no rain to thoroughly soak the ground for over six weeks.

Hon. Tho's G. Skinner writes that a bill for $50,000 for the erection of a public building at Elizabeth City has been reported favorably. Good news.

We see that at the trotting races at the Baltimore Driving Park on the 9th inst, our friend Mat H. White's bay mare "Mary Spelman," won the first race in 2:37½.

The *Falcon* is filled with anguish these days because the colored man don't get more and better places. This new born love for the "colored brother"—how touching it is!

The blank oaths, etc, have been received by the Supervisor and he has forwarded them to the Enumerators. The clerks are now busy putting up and mailing the schedule blanks and papers.

Elizabeth City has over a mile of navigable water frontage. Years ago, when the most of it was considered comparatively of little value, the CAROLINIAN predicted that the time was coming when it would all be utilized. That prediction is now being rapidly verified.

The CAROLINIAN believes in absolute 'fair play," It never intentionally misrepresents. If any feel that injustice has been done them by any statement in the paper they will be allowed a hearing, be they white or colored, if request be made in a respectful way. No attention will be paid to statements appearing elsewhere.

Rev. J. H, Manley, the well known colored Preacher and the acknowledged "Sankey of his Conference," will deliver a lecture and musical entertainment at the colored Methodist Church on next Monday night, May 26. Admission only 15 cents. The subject of the lecture will be "Shall the Negro take up his Bed and Walk?"

A number of the friends of Judge Pool have prevailed on him to prepare and deliver a lecture on Brazil. It will embrace, in addition to an account of the revolution, a description of its resources, population, animals, birds, habits of the people, plantations, commerce with the United States, mode of catching monkeys and parrots, and many other interesting matters. The lecture will be delivered at the Court House on Friday night, May 30. Further notice next week.

Our friend John A. Midgett, of Rodanthe, gave us a call on Saturday. He served a long time in the Life-Saving service and won the distinction of being the most competent surfman on the Beach. The past few years he has devoted to fishing. He reports that with the netters there was nothing made on shad. but that the unprecedented catch of blue fish helped a number of them out without loss, and with some surplus cash.

It is a very easy matter to criticise and find fault Some do it through ignorance; others for the purpose of misleading. Instance the appointment of Census Enumerators. The instructions issued by Superintendent Porter expressly states that:

Each applicant for appointment as census enumerator must make a written application to the supervisor for his district, giving his christian name in full, his place of birth, his present legal residence and postoffice address, the principal facts of his education and professional or business experience, including a statement of all national, state, county or municipal offices at any time held by him, and the place and nature of his present occupation. This application must be made in the handwriting of the applicant, and he must so certify therein. * * And they shall be selected solely with reference to fitness and without *reference to their political party affiliations.*

These instructions were acted on by the Supervisor of this district. If, in some divisions, better men were not appointed, it was because they *never made application.* In each division every application was carefully examined and the party appearing to be the most competent and, if personally unknown, properly recommended was selected. Among these happen to be 15 colored men and about the same number of Democrats.

Beware of wolves in sheep's clothes.

Eggsactly—fresh eggs bring money.

"A fool and his money is soon parted." Don't be a fool,

—Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

Success is a failure when it turns a man's head or a woman's.

No man envies the merit of another who has enough of his own.

The colored Baptist Association convened at Hertford yesterday.

It is an old adage that a weed killed in time saves ninety-nine.

It does seem that about every body in this section reads the CAROLINIAN.

Constant, steady work in the same channels will tell in time. Skipping about will not.

Thanks to the friends who are saying good words for the CAROLINIAN and sending it new subscribers.

—See Fowler & Co's. 50 cent Shirts for working men.

The business man that pays as much attention to his advertising as he does to his other purchases will get equally satisfactory results.

—Encourage home enterprise and industry by going to White's Tannery, near Pailin's Mill, for your leather. You will find that he makes a good article.

To "Critic" the CAROLINIAN has this to say: It believes in the preservation of the American Nation, with *American* in italics and Nation with a big N.

A cotemporary remarks that the nervous timidity of brides and grooms can be easily explained, since it is natural for contracting parties to have a shrinking manner.

—Buy E. P. Reed & Co's fine shoes. Fowler & Co., agents.

The Country Gentleman says if celery were eaten freely sufferers from rheumatism would be comparatively free. Certainly a very convenient and cheap remedy.

—WANTED; 100 Merchants to handle Fowler & Co's 25 cent wool Hats and 10 cent Suspenders.

Married at River View Hotel on Tuesday, May 20, 1890, by M. B. Culpepper, James Cole Esq, to Miss Elizabeth Baker, both of Norfolk, England.

Writes a subscriber from Pennsylvania:

"Am well pleased with the CAROLINIAN. It keeps me posted in regard to Elizabeth City. Will visit your place in the Fall."

—Miles of new Dress Goods for sale at Fowler & Co. Call and examine.

In reply to the question of "Interested Reader," the CAROLINIAN states that bactaria are animal organizations of the lowest grade, the most common form being that of a jointed stuff about a nine-thousandths of an inch in size, and that microbes are germinal seeds or cells.

—Engle & Zoeller's Protographic Gallery is now open.

One man will use two minutes three times a day for six months to prop up and secure a broken gate because he has "no time to repair it," while his neighbor will take a whole hour for repair at the start and save at least a day and a half in a year.

Well, the census man will soon be around, and it will be well for everybody to try to recollect how old he is, so as to save any revision of the enumerator. A cotemporary says that "people of the female persuasion will be allowed a margin anywhere between ten and twenty years of accuracy, when their turn comes."

—A car load of Yellow Seed Oats just received at Robinson & Co's.

Now and then we hear uninformed men say that "crime is more rampant to-day than ever." It *seems* to be, but is it? There are more people upon the earth than ever before, and the argus eyed press detects every dereliction, and, the swift wings of electricity bring into the sanctums of the newspapers of the day almost every transgression. The truth is, human nature remains about the same.

—The reason why Robinson & Co., has such a trade is probably because he minds his P's and Q's: Price and Purity; Quantity and Quality People are apt to appreciate the highest in purity when it is associated with the lowest in price,

We sometimes hear people say "The world owes me a living." It is an axiom too many console themselves with. Society has a duty to perform. it is true, to every individual member, But that duty is to care for the individual member. But what does it mean when practically applied? It means this: That if he is an imbecile or a lunatic he goes to the asylum and becomes a public charge; or that if he is too sick to work and is unable to care for himself he goes to the poor house and feeds upon such food as organized society may choose to place before him. This is the kind of living that the world owes to everyone, It is a very sorry living, not much happiness in it, and very little better than the grave.

LOCAL MENTION

Very little sickness prevailing.—"A new broom sweeps clean," That is what they say about the new Town Constable.—Mr. Geo. M. Scott has purchased the Whitcomb mill site on Dry Point; price $3000.—The ladies of the Presbyterian Church realized $30 from the Festival at the Court House on last Wednesday night.—Mr. Wm. Pailin has leased a part of his river frontage on Poindexter street to a Maryland firm who propose erecting an oyster packing establishment thereon.—The Government Sloop Alert is being thoroughly overhauled and repaired.—W. P McFarland showed us the largest hen's egg the other day that we have yet seen. It weighed 3¼ ounces and measured 6¾ inches around and 8 inches lengthwise.—A "broken down politician" is not a safe political teacher.—The local poet writes thus on "Spring's Awakening:"

Spring crowns the earth with sunlit skies
And life new lease is taking;
The trees, the flowers, likewise the flies
From sleep are now awakening,

Though a little late, it covers the field.—Mr. W. W. Griffin was taken quite suddenly sick at his mill on Thursday but, we are glad to learn, is much better.—Said a gentleman, who had not been here for over a year, "Elizabeth City certainly is improving. I never saw anything like it."—The Democrats now have an ally here to aid them in trying to array the colored people against the white Republicans. It won't succeed to any extent.—The Good Samaritans, a worthy and influential colored organization, celebrated their anniversary at their Hall on Friday night. A very pleasant time is reported.—Solicitor Blount was in twon on Saturday. He is on the sick list and will not be able to attend the Courts of Pamlico and Beaufort.—Complaints still reach us from subscribers who are annoyed by parties regularly borrowing their copies of the CAROLINIAN. We quote, for the borrower's benefit, the following from a recent poet:

The man who reads the paper,
And sponges as he goes,
Will never reach the happy land
Where milk and honey flows,

—A Baltimore firm has leased part of the Whitcomb property, recently purchased by G. M. Scott, for a term of three years, with the privilege of buying it. They are preparing to embark, on a large scale, in the business of oyster packing and lime burning.—Miss Sue Thomas, of Portsmouth, Va., is visiting her brother Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, pastor of the Baptist Church here.—We are glad to learn that Mrs. C. E. Smith, on Pearl street, who has been dangerously ill, is improving with hopes of recovery.—There is an apparent contest between several of our live truckers on Irish potatoes. Up to Saturday it appeared to be "nip and tuck" between B. F. Spence and G. S. Bell, with O, F. Baxter jr, very close up with them. But then came Arthur Pritchard, of "the Forks," and set a basket of beauties on our table with his compliments, some of them measuring 8 inches in circumference.—

"Alas! for the kicker, he's bound to complain,
He's never content with his lot;
We'll hear, very soon, him lamenting again
Because its a trifle too hot."

—A certain young man reports the following unfinished story: "The other evening a young lady asked me to tell her a 'love story.' 'Well, said I, 'thus it begins: I love you.'—Here she interrupted me and I got no further."—Magnolias are in bloom.—Col. R. B. Creecy, of the *Economist*, attended the Episcopal Convention at Tarboro last week.—A school boy, seeing the pole hoisted from the office where the *Falcon* and the colored *Advocate* are printed, was heard to remark:

While 'tis true the longest pole the persimmons whack,
The pole up *there* should be painted partly *black*!

What, do you reckon, did he mean?—Some of our citizens, not a very large crowd, went to see Barnum's show at Norfolk on Saturday.—Quite a hail storm visited us on Friday night, but no damage was done.—The steamer Lizzie Burrus, of the Fairfield line, is now on Pailin's Ways for repairs—The Pasquotank Rifles have decided to attend the unveiling of the Lee statute at Richmond. They are now drilling every night.—There was a very pleasant hop at the Albemarle House on Friday night.—Childrens' Day was observed at the Methodist Church Sunday night. The programme was especially interesting.—The editor, during the past week, has had an experience which may be briefly expressed thusly:

You may be quite indifferent and bland
On seeing a boil on another man's hand,
But you are changed in feeling and fairly groan
When you have a good sized one on your own.

—Miss Ellen Albertson is on a visit to friends in Richmond.—The Electric Lights are still delayed, but it is now thought they will be ready to start next week.—Mr. Gaston Pool, who has been absent some time engaged in business at Suffolk has returned.—More new residences are about to be erected on Church St.—The "Willing Workers" is the name of a new society organized by the young ladies of the Baptist Church.—A correspondent writes that Robinson & Co, have donated a hand some new stove for the school house just completed at Buffalo City, Dare county.—At the Temperance meeting held at the Baptist Church on Monday night short addresses were made by Rev. J. H. Johnson and Rev. P. W. Melick.—There will be a Gospel Temperance meeting at the Methodist Church next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.—'Tis said the late member from the Fourth Ward pleads the "baby act" and has given himself away. Foolish fellow!

The Carolinian Has Little Faith:

In the exhorting and praying of the man who don't redeem his promises,

In the sincerity of those whose actions do not tally with their professions.

The Carolinian Would Like:

To be able to announce that the few remaining croakers had been converted or left for parts unknown.

To see some of the edifices of ignorance and cant which are flying flags from their battlements shaken down.

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Superfluous Hair Removed Permanently, Instantaneously, without pain or injury to the skin by Edison's Electro-Chemical Fluid, can be applied by a child. Circulars, Testimonials and Sample Bottle sent free, on receipt of 16 cents Stamps to pay postage. ELECTRO-CHEMICAL CO., 46 West 14th Street, New York.

From Roper.

The talk of the town is the entertainment to be given by the "Roper Dramatic Society" on the night of the 21st and the supper on the night of the 22nd. Proceeds for the benefit of the Episcopal church.—Mr. G. C. Speight of Norfolk county, Va., has located here.—A party from here went just out of town on Sunday to see the oldest man in the State, Joseph Simpson, a colored man, free born in the year 1779. His health and eyesight are good,—Messrs Forbes & Kessinger, contractors of the John L. Roper Co's juniper mill have a shingle planer that plains 30,000 shingles per day. The revolution of the cylender is 4000 per m'nute.—The death of Mrs. Louisa C. Marriner on Sunday evening filled the community with sadness. She was taken Saturday evening with bilious cholic and died Sunday evening.—The popular conductor Joe E. Johnston, reports the business of the A. & P. R. R. increasing from Pantego every day. The company will soon have steamboat connection with Newberne and other southern points near by.

W. H. D.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact you must have it to fully enjoy life, Thousands are searching for it daily and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by A. Wadsworth druggist.

Robert Louis Stevenson writes to Robert Bonner's Sons from Sidney, New South Wales, that his health has greatly improved, that he is in good writing condition, and that he is at work on his story for the New York LEDGER, which he hopes to complete within reasonable time. Mr Stevenson likes the story very much himself and has become deeply interested in the fascinating plot which he is weaving. He says: "It has something of a Monte Christo flavor, being the tale of an abominable crime and a singular vengeance, I have great hopes of the tale; the incidents are strange and so are the characters." This has the true Stevenson flavor and smacks of "Hyde and Jekyll" The public will await the appearance of this story with eagerness and greet expectations.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

A NEW YORK SOCIETY FAD.—Among the unique and pleasant entertainments of the winter in New York have been the four-o'clock teas at the Claremont, a resort which commands a fine view of the Hudson. At this place fashionable gatherings have taken place at which many prominent society people were present. In Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper this week, he Hon. Chauncey M. Depew is represented as the centre of a group at one of these teas. On the opposite page, pictures are given of the Hon. Wm. McKinley Jr, while making his great argument in favor of protection.

Important to Ladies Only.

We want a woman in every county to establish a Corset Parlor for the sale of Dr. Nichols Celebrated Spiral Spring Corsets and Clasps, warranted never to break, will outwear any three ordinary corsets. Wages $40 to $75 per month and expenses; we furnish Complete Stock on Consignment Settlement Monthly; position permanent; $3.00 outfit free; inclose 18 cents stamps to pay postage, etc. Addres with reference G. D. NICHOLS & CO., 384 Broadway, New York.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter. Chapped Hands, Chillbains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunbed. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

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Rub your peepers; 0—0 Bargain reapers,
Open wide each eye. 0—0 Now's the time to buy.

Right this Way for Bargains.

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Goods which everybody will want, when the merits of our stock is understood. Our stock is like a baby; for it's all new. It's like a fat man for it's awful big. It's like a beautiful woman, for it has lots of style. It's like a millionaire, for it's worth lots of money. It's like high-toned women, because it has quality.

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And expect our reward by our own exertions and by keeping the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found in the City, consisting of

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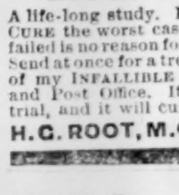

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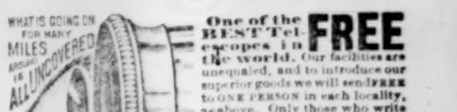

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Important Doings of the Law-Makers at Washington.

Naval Commander McCalla Suspended for Three Years.

The action of the Secretary of the Navy in the case of Commander Bowman H. McCalla, late commander of the United States steamship Enterprise, has been made public. He was tried by court-martial on five charges, as follows: Striking another person in the navy (Fireman John E. Walker); violation of the Twenty-fourth article of the Articles for the Government of the Navy (inflicting improper punishments); maltreatment of persons subject to his orders, conduct unbecoming an officer of the navy and violation of the tenth clause of the twentieth article of the Articles for the Government of the Navy, in failing to read to the ship's company the Articles for the Government of the Navy.

The court found him guilty of all the charges, and sentenced him to "be suspended from rank and duty for a period of three years and to retain his present number on the list of commanders while so suspended."

The Secretary approves the finding of the court, "except in that part which finds that Commander McCalla caused men to be kept standing upon their feet, toeing a seam, on the quarterdeck of the vessel from about 9 P. M. to about 1 A. M. for four consecutive nights."

The Secretary reluctantly approves the finding that in ironing the men together McCalla did not impose unauthorized punishment, and does so only because the court seemed to think the ironing was necessary at the time.

Accompanying the record in the case is a recommendation to clemency, subscribed by ten of the twelve members of the court.

The Secretary is of opinion, however, that there are "no grounds which would, in the judgment of the department, justify a mitigation of the punishment imposed by the court.

A Statue of Secretary Stanton.

The House Library Committee has made a favorable report on the bill introduced by Mr. Boutelle for the erection of a statue in Washington City of Edward M. Stanton, Lincoln's Secretary of War. The statue, which is to be of heroic size, is to be cast, if possible, from the bronze of condemned cannon used by the Union forces in the War of the Rebellion, and is to stand in the open plaza at the front of the State, Navy and War Department Building. An appropriation of $50,000 is made for the statue and pedestal. This is not a good year for statues to public men, but the Library Committee hoped to get through without difficulty so worthy a project as the erection at the Capital of a fitting memorial of one of the most commanding figures in the history of the Civil War.

The Sale of Liquor in Army Canteens.

The Secretary of War has amended paragraph 329 of the Army regulations as follows: The sale or use of ardent spirits or wines in canteens is strictly prohibited; but the commanding officer is authorized to permit light beer to be sold therein by the drink, on week days, and in a room used for no other purpose, and, when practicable, in a building apart from that in which the canteen is located, whenever he is satisfied that the giving to the men the opportunity of obtaining such beverages within the post limits has the effect of preventing them from resorting for strong intoxicants to places without such limits, and tends to promote temperance and discipline among them. The practice of what is known as "treating" must not be permitted.

To be Returned to China.

As a result of correspondence between the Department of Justice and the Treasury Department, it has been decided to send back to China the twenty-one Chinamen who were smuggled into this country from Mexico, and who are now in custody in San Diego, Cal. They will be transferred to San Francisco, and placed on the first steamer sailing for China. This action is taken on the theory that it is cheaper and better for the Government to bear the expense of their return to China, than to send them back into Mexico, and run the chance of having to re-arrest them and send them back indefinitely.

Minister Palmer Resigns.

Ex-Senator Palmer, Minister to Spain, arrived in Washington and called on the President. He announced his intention of resigning his post at once, unless it shall be decided that there is some diplomatic necessity for his return to Spain. Secretary Blaine will be consulted on this point, and it is thought that no reason will be found why Mr. Palmer should not remain in this country and become a private citizen. It is understood that the matter of his successor has already been practically determined upon, but the name of the coming Minister is not known. He will not be a citizen of Michigan, however.

Senate Committee Appointments.

Vice-President Morton has announced the following appointments on Senate committees:

Senator Sanders, of Montana—Irrigation and Reclamation of Arid Lands, Improvement of the Mississippi River, Enrolled Bills and Examination of the Several Branches of the Civil Service.

Senator Power, of Montana—Immigration and Naturalization, Railroads, Revolutionary Claims, Transportation and Sale of Meat Products.

President Harrison at the Circus.

Baby Benjamin Harrison McKee had a high old time at the circus. Accompanied by the President, Mrs. Harrison, Captain Dinsmore, Private Secretary Halford and his nurse, Master McKee visited Barnum's. He had lots of fun with "Tom Thumb," the baby elephant, and enjoyed the privilege of getting on his back and riding about the ring. Later Baby McKee got astride a pony colt and trotted him about the ellipse.

Overhauling the Yantic.

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered a survey on the Yantic at the New York Navy Yard to determine the cost of fitting her for another cruise. Her boilers need considerable repairs, but in other respects she is in very good condition. She will not probably get to sea again before late in the summer, as there will be little money available for repairs until the beginning of the next fiscal year.

AN attempt is being made to form a gigantic agricultural trust called the Farmers' Co-operative Brotherhood of the United States, with a capital of $50,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares of $50 each, to regulate the prices of grain.

THE MARKETS.

19

NEW YORK.			
Beeves	4 50	@	5 25
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 50	@	5 50
Sheep	4 45	@	6 00
Lambs	8 50	@	6 50
Hogs—Live	4 40	@	4 65
Dressed	5	@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 35	@	4 50
Patents	5 00	@	5 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 02½	@	1 02¾
Rye—State	—	@	65
Barley—Two-rowed State	—	@	48
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	40	@	46½
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	36½
Mixed Western	32	@	36
Hay—No. 1	40	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	80	@	85
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6 10c
Butter—State Creamery	18	@	18¾
Dairy, fair to good	10	@	16
West. Im. Creamery	10	@	15
Factory	5	@	10
Cheese—State Factory	9	@	9½
Skims—Light	2	@	5
Western	5	@	10
Eggs—State and Penn	—	@	13
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 50	@	5 05
Sheep—Medium to Good	6 40	@	6 60
Lambs—Fair to Good	7 35	@	7 55
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 10	@	4 30
Flour—Family	3 85	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	—	@	98
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	—	@	39
Oats—No. 2, White	32½	@	33
Barley—No. 1 Canada	64	@	65
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 30	@	6 00
Corn—Steamer Yellow	44	@	46½
Oats—No. 2 White	33	@	38½
Rye—State	—	@	62
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	5	@	6½
Sheep—Live weight	4½	@	6
Lambs	6	@	7½
Hogs—Northern	5¼	@	5½
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	3 50	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, May	96	@	97
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, May	41½	@	42
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	34½
Potatoes—Rose	40	@	55
Butter—Creamery Extra	18	@	19
Cheese—Part skims	7	@	8¼

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

EX-DISTRICT ATTORNEY IVES, of Essex County, Mass., was sentenced to two terms in the State Prison for forgery and embezzlement.

EX-MAYOR RICHARD VAUX, of Philadelphia, was nominated by the Democrats to succeed Samuel J. Randall in Congress.

WILLIAM H. BIGELOW, New England Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, died a few days ago at Waterville, Me. He was born in 1835.

W. H. M. SISTARE, the New York banker, who failed recently, has been locked up in Ludlow Street Jail charged with defrauding a customer, Richard Hecksher, of Philadelphia, of $112,000 worth of stocks and bonds.

ROBERT L. WALLACE, nephew and prospective heir of John H. Wallace, editor and proprietor of *Wallace's Monthly* and other publications on trotting matters, has disappeared after robbing Mr. Wallace of $52,000.

PATRICK HIGGINS died at his home in Elizabeth, N. Y., at the age of 101. Higgins was born in Ireland in 1789, and came to this country in 1820. Higgins led an active life up to within a few years of his death.

ENGINEER HAGLEGONG and Fireman Kauffman were killed by the explosion of a boiler on the Reading road, near Shamokin, Penn. George C. Yeager was, also, fatally injured.

UNITED STATES SENATOR EDWARD O. WALCOTT, of Colorado, and Mrs. Frances Metcalfe Bass, widow of Congressman Bass, were married a few days ago in St. Paul's Cathedral, Buffalo, N. Y.

DORAN & WRIGHT, of New York city, "outside" Wall street brokers, announce their suspension. Liabilities $400,000.

N. CURTICE HOLT, a leading citizen of Webster, N. Y., was instantly killed at that station while attempting to board a train. He was thirty-seven years old, and been School Commissioner several terms.

THE graduating exercises of the Yale Theological Seminary were held in Battell Chapel, New Haven, Conn. The graduating class numbered forty-one.

C. S. WILLIAMS, of the largest bucket-shop in Boston, has suspended. Liabilities $300,000.

BRIGADIER GENERAL NELSON H. DAVIS (retired) died at Governor's Island, New York harbor, of heart disease.

MRS. CORDELIA F. HALL, wife of President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark University, Worcester, Mass., and their eight-year-old daughter, Julia, were found dead in bed at their residence, suffocated by illuminating gas.

THREE little boys were killed by a bank of earth falling upon them in Brooklyn, N. Y.

A LARGE number of men were buried by a fall of rock in a mine at Ashley, Penn.; three were recovered late in the evening, badly burned and otherwise injured.

OLIVER BELL BUNCE, editor, author and playwright, died suddenly in New York city.

South and West.

GOVERNOR NICHOLLS, of Louisiana, sent to the Legislature a message emphatically protesting against an extension of the Louisiana Lottery Company's charter.

THE Rev. James Kerr and his wife were drowned in Boykin Creek, Sumpter County, Ala., while on their way to church.

A TERRIFIC hurricane, accompanied by an extraordinary fall of rain, swept over Jefferson City, Mo., and unroofed the State House besides doing other damage.

GENERAL JULIUS WHITE, United States ex-Minister to the Argentine Republic, died at his residence in South Evanston, Ill., of dropsy, after a protracted illness. General White was born in Cazenovia, N. Y., September 29, 1813.

Two section men were killed and a third seriously injured by being run down by a special train on the Burlington Road at Prescott, Wis.

THE engine and five cars of a construction train left the track near Clayton, Mo., and rolled down an embankment. Richard Jones, engineer, and Richard Shelcroft, conductor, were instantly killed, and Arnold Garfield, fireman, was fatally injured.

JUDGE CROZIER, of the First Judical District of Kansas, has decided that the State Prohibitory law is unconstitutional.

WILLIAM STARNICKER was discharged from the Penitentiary at Empire, Ga., where he had served sixteen years of life sentence for a murder of which he was innocent.

THE Louisiana Lottery Company has doubled its offer to the State, and now offers $1,000,000 per annum for the privilege of maintaining a lottery.

TEN stores were burned at Auburn, Neb. Loss, $50,000.

EVERY State and Territory was represented in the National Convention of the Knights of Honor recently in session in Detroit, Mich.

THE Rev. Dr. W. E. Moore, of Columbus, of Ohio, was chosen Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Saratoga, N. Y. The annual sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. W. C. Roberts, the retiring Moderator.

JOHN COLMSKI and Michael Vocintz were instantly killed and Peter Basco was seriously injured by a fall of rock in a tunnel near Park Place, Penn.

THE Winona Mill Company's immense flouring mill at Winona, Minn., caught fire, and the entire plant, including the mill, elevator and surrounding buildings were destroyed. The total loss on the property is estimated at $300,000.

C. M. WHITTAKER and G. M. Stubbs were crushed to death in a granite quarry near Monrovia, Cal.

THE General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church, at Asheville, N. C., elected the Rev. Dr. James Park, of Knoxville, Tenn., Moderator.

AN east-bound train was derailed near Butte, Montana, and the sleeper, containing the N. C. Goodwin Company, rolled down an embankment, Manager Duffie and two other members of the company being killed.

FIRE, which started in a saloon from the explosion of a lamp, destroyed half a block of frame dwellings at Spokane Falls, Washington. Two persons were burned to death. The loss amounts to about $50,000.

Washington.

THE President approved the act for improving Aransas Pass, Texas.

A CAUCUS of Democratic Senators was held to elect a successor to the late Senator Beck as Chairman. Senator Gorman, who has been acting as Chairman in the absence of Senator Beck, was chosen permanent Chairman without opposition.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT BELL and Assistant-General Superintendent Campbell, of the Railway Mail Service, started from Washington on a tour of inspection of the principal railway postoffice lines in the Southern States, beginning with the Atlantic coast line.

THE Association of American Physicians and the American Surgical Association held their annual meetings in Washington.

THE nomination of William D. Sorsby, to be Consul-General to Ecuador, was confirmed by the Senate by a strict party vote.

THE President has nominated Samuel L. Gracey, of Massachusetts, to be United States Consul at Cardiff, Wales.

THE Senate confirmed the following Oklahoma officials: G. W. Steele, of Indiana, Governor; Robert Martin, of Oklahoma, Secretary; Edward B. Green, Illinois, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; R. J. Seay, Missouri, and J. G. Clark, Wisconsin, Associate Justices; W. S. Lurly, Marshal, and Horace Speed, Oklahoma, Attorney.

THE Secretary of War has amended the army regulations so as to prohibit the sale of liquor in canteens to soldiers.

THE President has approved the act providing for the disposal of the Fort Sedgwick military reservation in Colorado and Nebraska to actual settlers, under the provisions of the Homestead laws, and the act providing for town site entries of lands in Oklahoma.

PAY INSPECTOR STEWART has been appointed Paymaster-General of the Navy.

Foreign.

THE village of Tiefenasten, in the Canton of Graubunden, Switzerland, has been almost completely destroyed by fire. Only a hotel and a few houses are left.

THE Alexander Prison at Irkutsk, Russia, has been burned, and three convicts perished in the flames.

GENERAL SIR FREDERICK MIDDLETON, commanding the Canadian Militia, has been convicted by a committee of members of Parliament at Ottawa, Canada, of looting furs valued at $5000 or $6000 in the late Northwest Rebellion.

A HOUSE occupied by a family named Wynn was burned at Campbellford, Canada. William Wynn, thirteen years old, and his grandmother, Mrs. Catherine Soules, were burned to death. The woman was eighty years old and helpless. The boy lost his life in attempting to save her.

THE Emin Pasha Expedition into the interior of East Africa has met with disaster in the death of many of its porters. The total loss of porters by death and desertion amounts to one-quarter of the whole number engaged to accompany the expedition.

A DISPATCH from Kotonou, Dahomey, Africa, says: During an exchange of prisoners, nine Dahomans committed suicide by throwing themselves into the waters of the harbor.

A QUANTITY of balistite, the new explosive, exploded at the factory for the manufacture of arms and munitions at Avigliana, Italy. Fourteen persons were instantly killed and many others were injured, some of them fatally.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND persons witnessed the last performance of the famous bull fighter Frascuelo in Madrid, Spain. Afterward the retiring matador was escorted through the streets by an immense crowd.

FIVE of the persons injured by the explosion of balistite at Avigliana, Italy, have since died, making the total number of victims nineteen.

MR. CHARLES EMORY SMITH, the new American Minister to Russia, presented his credentials to the Czar. The Czarina subsequently gave an audience to Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

A SMALL uprising against the Government in Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, was put down.

SEVERAL striking miners at Bilboa, Spain, were killed in a conflict with the gendarmes.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

104TH DAY.—The amendment to the Military Appropriation bill, providing for two additional pension agents, was passed.... The Army Canteen system was discussed without action.... Mr. Butler presented the petition of the heads of nine families, aggregating seventy-two persons, that Congress appropriate $100 per capita to enable them to emigrate to Liberia, Africa, and maintain themselves there for a period of six months.

105TH DAY.—The Army Appropriation bill was passed.... The Senate took up the individual pension bills on the calendar and passed all of them (185) in an hour and a half. .... The calendar was then taken up, and a number of bills were passed.... Mr. Dawes presented a communication from the delegations of the five Indian nations remonstrating against the numerous grants of right of way for railroads through the Indian Territory.... Mr. Sherman introduced a bill providing for a special pension of $25 a month to the surviving soldiers, sailors and marines of the United States who were on board the steamer Sultana when she exploded her boilers on April 27, 1865.... Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill fixing $4 a month as the minimum pension to be paid for disability to survivors of the late war.... After a short executive session the Senate adjourned.

106TH DAY.—Mr. Hoar reported back the House amendment to the Senate Anti-Trust bill with an amendment.... Mr. Jones opened the debate upon the Jones silver bill .... The Senate bill appropriating $200,000 for a public building at Ogden, Utah, was placed on the calendar.... Mr. Plumb introduced a bill providing that the unit of value in the United States shall be the dollar, and it may be coined of 412½ grains of standard silver, or 25 8-10 grains of standard gold, each to be equally legal tender for all purposes.

107TH DAY.—Mr. Jones, of Nevada, finished his speech on the Silver bill; general discussion of the measure followed.... Mr. Davis reported back the House substitute for the Senate Dependent Pension bill with a written report, and moved that the House substitute be non-concurred in and a conference asked. The motion was agreed to, and Messrs. Davis, Sawyer, and Blodgett were appointed conferrees on the part of the Senate.

108TH DAY.—Mr. Teller spoke on the silver bill.... Mr. Edmunds introduced a bill for the establishment of a National University .... Mr. Plumb made a favorable report upon a bill to transfer the Fish Commission to the Agricultural Department.... Mr. Frye reported an amendment to be proposed to the Postoffice Appropriation bill, an item of $1,500,000 for the transportation of foreign mails.... Among the bills passed were: Senate bill for the relief of Major Goodloe, Paymaster, United States Marine Corps (crediting him with sums lost through the defalcation of his clerk); Senate bill in relation to Rear-Admiral James E. Jouett, retired (allowing him the highest pay and compensation of his grade as Rear-Admiral; Senate bill to pay $205 to the heir or heirs of John Howard Payne, due on his salary as Consul to Tunis.

109TH DAY.—Mr. Teller finished his speech on the Silver bill; Mr. Coke also spoke on the same measure.... Among the bills reported from the committees and placed on the Senate calendar were the following: The Senate bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Allentown, Penn.; the House bill authorizing the erection of a hotel (for colored people) on the Government reservation at Fortress Monroe; the House bill granting a pension to Mrs. Delia Parnell.... Mr. Blair offered a resolution (which was agreed to) calling on the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for information as to the employment and payment of laborers on public works in the District, and whether they are required to work more than eight hours a day.

In the House.

114TH DAY.—The pension of Mrs. Delia S. Parnell was reduced to $50 a month.... Mr. Caldwell introduced a bill to prevent the desecration of the United States flag.... The Senate bill was passed increasing to $75 a month the pension to the widow of Brigadier General Ayres.... The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Boutelle, Wallace, of New York, and Rusk, as visitors to the Naval Academy.... The debate on the tariff was continued by Messrs. Gear, Payne, Fitch, Cannon, Crisp, Walker, Kerr and Goodnight.

115TH DAY.—After the reading of the journal the House went into Committee on the Whole (Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, in the chair) for the further consideration of the Tariff bill. Speeches were made by Messrs. Lanham, McAdoo, La Follette, Springer, Dingler and Cummings.... Mr. Sanford introduced a bill to appropriate $18,484 for the completion and dedication of the monument commemorating the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga.... Mr. Dunnell introduced a bill to allow any township or town organized for municipal purposes to engage in banking.

116TH DAY.—The Tariff debate was continued, and six paragraphs of the bill were passed.

117TH DAY.—The Tariff bill was discussed by Messrs. Butterworth, McMillin, Hatch, Biggs, and others.... Mr. Hansbrough introduced a bill amending the Interstate Commerce Act so as to provide that nothing in that law shall be construed to prohibit any common carrier from giving reduced rates of transportation and a permit to carry a weight of sample baggage in excess of the amount allowed the ordinary traveler to commercial travelers and members of the theatrical profession.

118TH DAY.—The debate over the Tariff bill was continued.... Mr. Flower presented a petition of citizens of New York in favor of restriction of immigration; also a resolution of the New York Legislature asking for the adjustment of the claims of the State against the United States.

119TH DAY.—The Committee on Rules reported a rule, which was adopted, providing a vote on the Tariff bill on the following Wednesday.... The Speaker laid before the House the Senate bill to change the route of the Rock Creek Railway Company of the District of Columbia. The bill was passed .... Messrs. Morrill, Sawyer and Yoder were appointed conferees on the Senate Dependent Pension bill.... The House at its evening session passed 139 private pension bills.

A FATAL BLUNDER.

Five Lives Lost, Two Engines Wrecked, and Freight Ruined

The most disastrous railroad wreck the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Road has known for years occurred at a long siding some miles east of Chattanooga, Tenn.

The engineer of a fast freight who had been ordered to take incoming freight at that point had misunderstood his orders, and, coming on at a high rate of speed, with terrific force the two engines came together. The shock shattered twenty-five or thirty cars and piled them in a huge mass on the track. Nearly every car on the two trains was derailed, both engines are a total loss, and much of the freight is ruined. The losses to property will not fall far short of $100,000.

As quickly as possible the conductors of both trains and the rear brakemen, who escaped with slight injuries, hurried forward. On the wreck of the east-bound engine they found the mangled remains of John Bailey, the fireman. He was crushed almost beyond recognition, his head being flattened like a board. By the side of the engine lay Scott Price, a colored brakeman, cut in two. A few feet further back was the body of J. M. Clifford. He was still breathing, but died before he could be taken from the debris piled above him. Alf Harris, a colored tramp, was standing between the cars stealing a ride when the crash came. Every bone in his body was broken. All these were on the north-bound train.

In the cab of the south-bound engine Engineer Gregory was found unconscious. His chest was crushed in and nose cut off. He died that evening. R. F. Whittlesy and Jerome Nolan, brakemen, were seriously wounded. The trainmen thought there were three or four more dead men in the ruins, as a number of tramps were on the east-bound train.

FRANK WILLIAMS, convicted in the United States District Court of robbing a stage near Downieville, Cal., of United States mails some months ago, was sentenced in San Francisco to imprisonment for life

TICKS AND SPARKS.

Important News by Telegraph and Cable.

Mormon Elders and Their Dupes Unmercifully Flogged.

Two "Latter-Day Saints," or Mormon Elders, have been tramping through Washington and Holmes Counties in Florida, distributing their religious tracts. They went by the names of Elders James and Maxwell, hailing from Utah. These men claimed to believe the doctrines of Brigham Young, and deny the transgression in the Garden of Eden. They also distributed their "Articles of Faith," declaring the Book of Mormon to be the Word of God.

They have proselyted to a considerable extent, especially among unmarried females. A party of some eight women were secured to go West, among them the two comely daughters of Abram King, living in the scrub six miles from Vernon, Fla. When it was found that they had left, the father and eldest son, with three neighbors—one whose wife was in the party of converts—pursued the Mormons, and, on capturing them, tied the Elders to trees, after stripping them, and flogged them unmercifully. They then loosened them and began firing on them. The human targets ran off into the swamp as fast as possible, and haven't been seen since.

The young women returned home, and every one of them was well switched, their parents making each one whip the other. Williams's erring wife was well whipped, then ducked in a pond, and then, as she promised to do better, was taken home. King grimly says that Mormons have no business near him, and that buckshot will take the place of oak withes next time. The neighborhood has been intensely excited over the event, as there is no doubt that the Elders perished in the swamp.

Proposed National University.

Senator Edmunds's bill to establish the University of the United States in the City of Washington, provides that it shall be governed by a corporation and board of regents, composed of the President, members of the Cabinet, the Chief Justice of the United States and twelve citizens, no two of which shall be appointed from the same State. These twelve citizens shall hold office nine years, four to be elected every three years.

The purpose of this university is to institute and carry on a course of education and research in all branches of learning and investigation that shall, in the opinion of the Board of Regents, from time to time be most conducive to the advancement and to the increase and development of knowledge. The Board shall appoint the officers of the corporation, establish professorships and direct the course of instruction. Authority is given the Board of Regents to secure the necessary ground, provide for the construction of the buildings and to fix the compensation of the professors and other employes, for which purpose the bill appropriates $500,000. The bill also appropriates $5,000,000 to be permanently set aside in the Treasury of the United States as the principal and perpetual fund, the necessary part of the income of which may be annually used for the expenses of the university.

No special sectarian belief or doctrine shall be taught or promoted in the university, but this proposition shall not be deemed to exclude the study and consideration of Christian theology.

A Pretty Shakeress Deserts Celibacy.

Miss Ida Ladd was until recently a member of the Shaker Society, near Franklin, Ky. She is a beautiful girl of twenty years and seemed to be entirely content with her lot until she informed the members of the community that she had made up her mind to leave and be married.

Miss Ladd was married to Mr. R. A. Fairtrace, a civil engineer, from Pittsburg, Penn., the ceremony being performed by Rev. Mr. Howard, of Auburn. A large number of the best people in the vicinity were present.

The young people had never seen each other until the day before the wedding. The Shakers are very strict advocates of celibacy, and Miss Ladd wanted to marry. She inserted a matrimonial advertisement in a Cincinnati paper, which Mr. Fairtrace answered, and the wedding was the result. They left for the groom's home at Pittsburg.

Horrible Triple Tragedy.

A horrible triple murder was committed in Bentleysville, Penn. John Crouch, a wealthy farmer aged seventy-five years, his wife aged seventy, and his son Andrew, aged thirty-five, were found by neighbors at an early hour in the morning in their beds with their throats cut from ear to ear. Andrew's head had been mashed with a club. The bodies were cold and had evidently been murdered some hours. The house was standing open and the attention of one of the neighbors had been attracted.

The murdered persons were the wealthiest in that part of the county, and the theory is that the murder was committed to get the money which was generally supposed Crouch kept about his house. Searching parties were started out in all directions, but no clue could be found to the perpetrator.

Serious Riots in Spain.

Mining riots are reported at Ortuella, Portugalete and Desierto, in Spain. At the last named place the miners stoned the troops, who fired in the air. The strikers continuing on the offensive, the soldiers sent a volley into the crowd, killing several and wounding others. Reinforcements of troops were constantly arriving. The whole province of Biscay has been placed under martial law. Business was at a standstill and railway traffic was almost wholly suspended.

Big Forest Fires in Wisconsin.

The great forest fires which have been raging in northern Wisconsin at intervals for two weeks past have been gaining ground. The greatest loss has been sustained in the neighborhood of Kingsbridge, where the summer lumber camps, with all their contents, and a large number of buildings have been destroyed. Thousands of acres of valuable timber have been burned, and nothing but heavy rains will save other timber tracts.

Three Fatal Mishaps.

Maggie O'Reagan and Pauline Gonzales, both aged about five years, while playing near a pile of lumber in Galveston, Texas, were struck by some beams which were knocked down by Peter Peterson's dray. Maggie O'Reagan was instantly killed and Pauline Gonzales was fatally hurt.

Shortly after this accident Coronier Johnson was caught between two freight cars and crushed so badly that he died shortly after.

Ten Men Killed.

It was reported from Jeffersonville, Ind., that another caisson accident had happened on the Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge and that ten men had been killed.

Austria's Exhibition.

An immense agricultural exhibition was opened in Vienna, Austria. The opening ceremonies were presided over by the Emperor. The chief foreign exhibitors are the French and Italian Governments.

A Lancashire Cotton Corner.

A new cotton corner is being created in Lancashire, England. A quantity of American cotton is already cornered. Prices are advancing.

MURDERER AND SUICIDE.

Abel Bergerson Poisons His Two Children and Himself.

News has been received of the suicide at Sprangueville, N. Y., of Abel Bergerson, who first poisoned his two young children with rat poison and then took the stuff himself.

Bergerson belonged to Eboulements, in the Province of Quebec, Canada, and was accompanied to the United States by a French Canadian girl known in Eboulements as Lucie. It was her desertion that apparently induced the commission of the crime, for he left a letter, in which he said: "I have nothing now to live for. My blonde Lucie is dead to me forever. I am satisfied to end my days, for nobody can have more trouble than I have."

FROM WEALTH TO WANT.

Nathan Williams Squanders a Fortune and Enters the Poorhouse.

A few years ago Nathan Williams, the owner of all the Staunton, (Ind.) coal mines, died, leaving his son and namesake $90,000. Young Nathan at once began a life of dissipation. In nine months all his fortune was spent, and he was a workman in the mines he formerly owned. He was badly crippled lately, and has been committed to the County Poorhouse at Martinsville, Ind.

MRS. ELIZA E. POOL, aged twenty-eight, of Chelsea, Mass., has been granted a license to act as pilot of the steam yacht Isis by the United States Inspectors. This is the first time such a license has been granted to a woman in New England.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

THE single umpire system is unpopular.

HUTCHINSON is Chicago's winning pitcher.

A BIG crop of good young pitchers is growing.

WASHINGTON has an unexpectedly strong team.

BURDOCK is captain of the Jersey City (N. J.) team.

THE Boston Brotherhood team leads in base running.

CHICAGO'S League team has a slugger in Andrews.

ALL the Boston League players are rapid base runners.

BOSTON made the first triple play of the League season.

THE League will probably adopt the double umpire system.

GORE, of the New York Players', has taken a fall in his batting.

BOSTON'S pay roll for sixteen players foots up nearly $50,000.

CLERGYMEN in numbers attend the ball games in Brooklyn.

THE St. Louis Club has increased its stock from $5000 to $50,000.

BUFFINGTON is now manager of the Philadelphia Players' League Club.

COONEY, Long and Allen seem to be the coming short stops of the country.

LONG is doing phenomenal work at short for the Boston National League team.

SHORTSTOP WARD, of the Brooklyn Players' Club, is playing the game of his life.

ORR, Bierbauer, Ward and Joyce make a great infield for the Brooklyn Players' team.

HUB COLLINS, of the Brooklyn League team, is the equal of any second baseman in the country.

CLEVELAND'S young pitcher, Wadsworth, has, with great speed, a wonderful drop, but no control over it.

MANAGER HANLON says $55,000 will cover the expenses of the Pittsburg Players' League Club this season.

EVERY member of the Philadelphia Players' Club is to receive a new suit for winning the first New York game.

THE old "Indianapolis bad luck" seems to have been transferred along with the Indianapolis players to New York.

NOBODY under the sun plays first base as Esterbrook, of the New York League Club, does. He has a style all his own.

PITTSBURG'S high-priced League players are Miller, Dunlap and Hines, their salaries being $3800, $3500 and $2800 respectively.

DAVIS, of Cleveland, is but nineteen years old, the youngest player in the League. His hitting has been the surprise of the team.

THE Keefe ball is a lively article. Brotherhood men say it is too lively. The manufacturers are to be asked to make it more "dead."

LONG JOHN REILLY, of Cincinnati, doesn't believe in place hitting. He says no man can hit a good pitcher's delivery in any direction he pleases.

DAN BROUTHERS, of the Boston Players' League Club, once made three home runs, a double and a single off Pitcher McCormick in five times at bat.

MIKE KELLY, captain of the Boston Player's Club, is playing better ball than for some years past. His base running is pyrotechnical and his batting is terrific.

REILLY, of Cincinnati, has a special fondness for nice bats, and like Orator George Schafer, Pete Browning, Bug Holliday and other bat fiends, he believes in scraping them with glass.

THE Toronto (Canada) *World* thinks the standard of the National League circuit has declined, when Esterbrook, who wasn't good enough for London, can play first base for New York.

TOM RAMSEY, who at one time was regarded as the greatest left hand pitcher of the country, has evidently recovered his grip. The St. Louis club is a winner with Ramsey in the box.

SHORTSTOP HATFIELD, of the New York Players' Club, is too nervous to do himself justice. The fact that he is trying to fill the place of the incomparable Ward oppresses him and affects his play.

LOUISVILLE'S old baseball luck seems to have come back to it after two or three years' desertion. Up to 1887 Louisville was always fortunate in securing good players and making a hot fight in the race. The city now has a cheap team, but it is apparently the best one it has had in three years.

INSTRUCTORS in the national game are located at all the great football centres of Great Britain, and baseball is to be thoroughly introduced. American players are to be engaged to give instructions to the men abroad, and before next season the game will be played throughout the United Kingdom.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Buffalo	7	11	.389	Pittsburg	7	8	.467
Brooklyn	10	9	.526	New York	5	8	.385
Philadel'a	8	9	.471	Boston	12	7	.632
Chicago	11	5	.688	Cleveland	5	8	.385

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Philadel	11	6	.647	Cincin'ati	8	8	.500
Boston	8	11	.421	New York	7	9	.438
Pittsburg	8	10	.444	Brooklyn	9	8	.529
Chicago	8	6	.571	Cleveland	6	7	.462

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Louisville	10	8	.556	Brooklyn	3	15	.167
Columbus	9	11	.450	Syracuse	8	11	.421
Athletic	12	5	.706	St. Louis	10	9	.526
Rochester	14	6	.700	Toledo	8	9	.471

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Newark	9	8	.529	Wash'gt'n	13	3	.813
Worcester	6	7	.462	Baltimore	10	7	.588
Hartford	7	9	.438	N. Haven	9	7	.563
Jersey City	8	8	.500	Wilm'gt'n	2	15	.118

KILLED AND EATEN.

A Frenchman Falls a Victim to Cannibals in the Congo Basin.

The news is confirmed of the killing of Mr. Musy, the commander of the French post at Bangui, on the Mobangi branch of the Congo in Africa. He is the second white man who has been killed by the natives in the Congo Basin. The first was the comrade of Captain Trivier in his trip last year across the continent. It was not conclusively known till about three weeks ago that Trivier's comrade was murdered.

Mr. Musy was killed, with twelve men of his station, on January 3. He had left his post with many native allies from the Botambi and Jacobi tribes to chastise the village of Salanga for making slave raids upon villages that were in friendly relations with the French. During the fight which followed his arrival at Salanga all his allies deserted him and he and the twelve men of his station were left alone, surrounded by the enemy in overpowering numbers. Musy kept the savages at bay until his ammunition was completely exhausted, and he was then killed by an assegai. All his men perished with him and their bodies were eaten by the cannibals who overcame them. The station at Bangui was re-established by the French twenty-four days after the lamentable death of its commander.

KILLED BY COWBOYS.

Three Oklahoma Farmers Worsted in a Dispute.

Three farmers were killed in a fight with a number of Chickasaw cowboys on the South Canadian River, fourteen miles south of Oklahoma City, Indian Territory. The cowboys were driving their cattle through the farms on the north side of the river when the settlers protested. United States Marshals went in pursuit of the cowboys.

A WHITE teacher in the Educational Home at Philadelphia has just married one of her pupils, a handsome, full-blooded Indian. He is of the Mohawk tribe, twenty-seven years old. The teacher is Miss Sensabaugh. The couple have gone to housekeeping.

Your Blood

Needs a good cleansing this spring in order to overcome the impurities which have accumulated during the winter, or which may be hereditary, and cause you much suffering. We confidently recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as the very best spring medicine. By its use the blood is purified, enriched and vitalized, that tired feeling is entirely overcome and the whole body given strength and vigor. The appetite is restored and sharpened, the digestive organs are toned and the kidneys and liver invigorated.

"I was feeling very much worn out and found nothing to benefit me till I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have now taken several bottles and it has made me feel perfectly well. I was also troubled with sores breaking out in my mouth, but since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla have had no further trouble from them. I have recommended it to others, who have been very much benefited by using it."—MRS. MARY ADBERLY, 627 North Water St., Decatur, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

A Dog on Trial for His Life.

A dog was actually tried for his life in the Boston Municipal Court recently. The defendant was a handsome setter named Towser. His master retained able counsel. The dog was placed in the prisoner's box, and amid the titter of the spectators and the smiles of Judge Curtis, the trial began. A man swore that the prisoner had bitten him, and he therefore wanted him killed, according to law. On cross-examination witness admitted that he had provoked the prisoner by teasing him. Several witnesses for the defence testified as to the good character of the accused. The latter was then brought forward in his own behalf and furnished testimony as novel as it was effective. At various commands he played dead, walked on his hind legs about the room, stood on his head, shouldered arms, whined dismally in imitation of a song and wound up by marching up the steps to the Judge's desk on his hind legs and shaking paws with his honor. The Judge, without a moment's hesitation, said, amid cheers: "Towser, you are a peaceable and orderly canine. I give judgment in your behalf and dismiss you, the plaintiff paying the costs." Leaving the room, the dog received an ovation.—*Utica (N. Y.) Herald.*

Watching Shot on Their Way.

When standing within a few yards of the gun's muzzle at the time of discharge a person would be amazingly astonished were he only able to see the shot as they go whizzing by. Experiments in instantaneous photography have proved to us that the shot not only spread out, comet-like, as they fly, but they string out one behind the other to a much greater distance than they spread. Thus, with a cylinder gun, when the first shot of a charge reaches a target that is forty yards away the last shot is lagging about ten yards behind. Even with a choke-bore gun some of the shot will lag behind eight yards in forty. This accounts for the wide swath that is mowed in a flock of ducks on which a charge of shot falls just right. About five per cent. only of the charge of shot arrive simultaneously at the target, but the balance of the first half of the charge is so close behind that a bird's muscles are not quick enough to get it out of the way, although those who have watched sitting birds when shot at have often seen them start as if to fly when the leading shot whistled by them, only to drop dead as they were overtaken by the leaden hail that followed.

A Man's Head on a Baby's Shoulders.

The death of a remarkable freak of nature occurred at Dubuque, Iowa, recently. Thirty-two years ago there was born to Silas Hall and wife, of Parkesburg, Iowa, a boy baby. It was normally developed with the exception that the head was large in proportion to the body. After two years the body of the boy did not grow, but the head developed until it was as large as that of an ordinary man, and a full beard grew on the face. For thirty years the freak has been tied in a chair and fed with a spoon. Its mother was obliged to get up three or four times during each night to attend to its wants. It could never speak a word, but rewarded its mother with a graceful look. Her constant fear was lest she should die before her boy and no one be left to wait on him. The other children of the family are perfectly normal.—*New York World.*

Confidence Begot of Success.

So successful has Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery proved in curing chronic nasal catarrh, bronchial and throat diseases, that its manufacturers now sell it through druggists under a *positive guarantee* of its benefiting or curing in every case, if given a fair trial, or money paid for it will be refunded. Consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs) if taken in time, is also cured by this wonderful medicine.

For Constipation or Sick Headache, use Dr. Pierce's Pellets; Purely Vegetable. One a dose.

A SPECIAL Ministry of Education has just been created in Portugal to watch over and restrict public meetings and entertainments.

Dr. L. L. Gorsuch, Toledo, O., says: "I have practiced medicine for forty years, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with so much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE estimated value of the total display of diamonds at the Paris Exposition was about $40,000,000.

Six Novels Free, sent by Cragin & Co., Phila., Pa., to any one in U. S. or Canada, post paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins's Electrical Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. This soap for sale by all grocers.

A LARGE firm in Ottawa is preparing to go into the business of buffalo raising on an extensive scale.

Syrup of Figs,

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

Rich! fragrant! fine! are the expressions of those who smoke "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

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KISSED ANOTHER MAN'S WIFE.

"You scoundrel," yelled young Jacob Green
At his good neighbor, Brown,—
"You kissed my wife upon the street,—
I ought to knock you down."

"That's where you're wrong," good Brown replied,
In accents mild and meek;
"I kissed her; that I've not denied,
But I kissed her on the cheek—

and I did it because she looked so handsome—the very picture of beauty and health. What is the secret of it?"

"Well," replied Green, "since you ask it, I will tell you; she uses Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I accept your apology. Good night."

An unhealthy woman is rarely, if ever, beautiful. The peculiar diseases to which so many of the sex are subject, are prolific causes of pale, sallow faces, blotched with unsightly pimples, dull, lustreless eyes and emaciated forms. Women so afflicted, can be permanently cured by using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription; and with the restoration of health comes that beauty which, combined with good qualities of head and heart, makes women angels of lovliness.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper and faithfully carried out for many years. It is a positive cure for leucorrhea, painful menstruation, irregularities, suppressions, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb.

As a regulator and promoter of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally valuable when taken for those derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life."

A Book of 160 pages, on "Woman and Her Diseases, their Nature, and How to Cure them," sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents, in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS

Purely Vegetable and Perfectly Harmless.

Unequaled as a Liver Pill. Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to Take. One Tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a Dose. Cures Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. 25 cents, by druggists.

BEECHAM'S PAINLESS. PILLS EFFECTUAL.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS

Such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.

BEECHAM'S PILLS TAKEN AS DIRECTED RESTORE FEMALES TO COMPLETE HEALTH

For Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc., they ACT LIKE MAGIC, Strengthening the muscular System, restoring long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. One of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PROPRIETARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold by Druggists generally. B. F. ALLEN CO., 365 and 367 Canal St., New York, Sole Agents for the United States, who (if your druggist does not keep them) WILL MAIL BEECHAM'S PILLS on RECEIPT of PRICE, 25cts. A BOX. (MENTION THIS PAPER.)

Bermuda Bottled.

"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." "But, doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money." "Well, if that is impossible, try

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of

CONSUMPTION, Bronchitis, Cough or Severe Cold

I have CURED with it; and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it. Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's, but see you get the original SCOTT'S EMULSION."

USE DR. TOBIAS' CELEBRATED Venetian Liniment

It acts like magic in cases of acute pain, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs, Stiffened Joints, &c. TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED. Warranted for over forty years. Send to us if your druggist or storekeeper does not keep our goods. DEPOT, 40 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

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